Author Search

=> FILE HCAPLUS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:35:23 ON 27 DEC 2007
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Dec 2007 VOL 147 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Dec 2007 (20071226/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

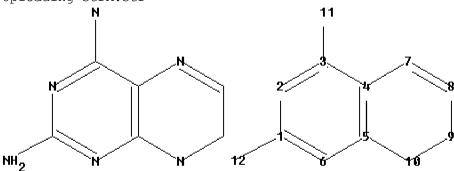
'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'HCAPLUS' FILE

STR

=> D QUE L41 L3

N N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation: Uploading $\operatorname{str} A.\operatorname{str}$



chain nodes :

11 12

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

chain bonds: 1-12 3-11 ring bonds:

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-10 7-8 8-9 9-10

exact/norm bonds :

1-12 3-11 4-7 5-10 7-8 8-9 9-10

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

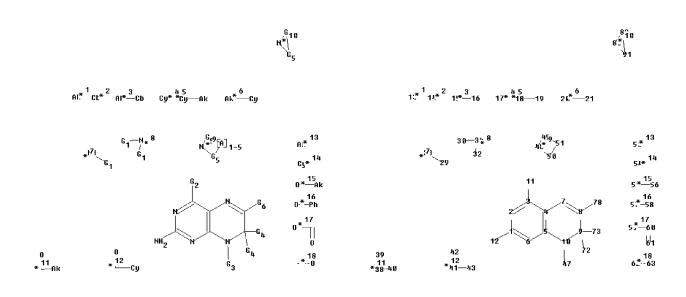
Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:CLASS 12:CLASS

L5 3639 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3 L32 STR

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation: Uploading strG.str



chain nodes :
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 29 30 32 33 34 38 39 40 41 42
43 47 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 72 73 78
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 48 49 50 51 88 89 91
chain bonds :
1-12 3-11 8-78 9-72 9-73 10-47 15-16 18-19 20-21 29-33 30-34 32-34 38-39
38-40 41-42 41-43 55-56 57-58 59-60 60-61 62-63
ring bonds :

```
1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-10 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 9-10 \quad 48-49 \quad 48-50 \quad 49-51 \quad 50-51
88-89 88-91 89-91
exact/norm bonds :
1-12 \quad 3-11 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-10 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-78 \quad 9-10 \quad 9-72 \quad 9-73 \quad 10-47 \quad 15-16 \quad 18-19 \quad 20-21
29 - 33 \quad 30 - 34 \quad 32 - 34 \quad 38 - 39 \quad 38 - 40 \quad 41 - 42 \quad 41 - 43 \quad 48 - 49 \quad 48 - 50 \quad 49 - 51 \quad 50 - 51 \quad 55 - 56
57-58 59-60
60-61 62-63 88-89 88-91 89-91
normalized bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6
G1:[*1],[*2],[*3],[*4],[*5],[*6]
G2:NH2, [*7], [*8], [*9], [*10]
G3:H, [*1], [*4], [*11], [*12]
G4:H,N,Cl,F,CF3,CN,[*4],[*13],[*14],[*15],[*16],[*17],[*18]
G5:C,O,S,N
G6:[*1],[*2],[*3],[*4],[*5],[*6],[*18]
Connectivity:
13:1 E exact RC ring/chain 14:1 E exact RC ring/chain 15:2 E exact RC ring/chain
16:1 E exact RC ring/chain 17:1 E exact RC ring/chain 18:2 E exact RC ring/chain
19:1 E exact
RC ring/chain 20:2 E exact RC ring/chain 21:1 E exact RC ring/chain 40:1 E exact
RC ring/chain
43:1 E exact RC ring/chain 53:1 E exact RC ring/chain 54:1 E exact RC ring/chain
56:1 E exact RC
ring/chain
Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom
19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:Atom
29:CLASS 30:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 34:CLASS 38:CLASS 39:CLASS 40:CLASS
41:CLASS 42:CLASS
43:Atom 47:CLASS 48:Atom 49:Atom 50:Atom 51:Atom 53:CLASS 54:Atom 55:CLASS
56:CLASS
57:CLASS 58:CLASS 59:CLASS 60:CLASS 61:CLASS 62:CLASS 63:CLASS 72:CLASS
73:CLASS 78:CLASS
88:Atom 89:Atom 91:Atom
Generic attributes :
17:
Saturation
                       : Unsaturated
18:
Saturation
                       : Unsaturated
21:
Saturation
                  : Unsaturated
54:
Saturation
              : Unsaturated
Element Count :
Node 13: Limited
    C, C1-5
Node 15: Limited
    C, C1-5
```

Node 19: Limited C,C1-5

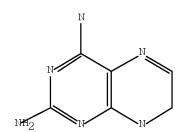
Node 20: Limited C,C1-5

Node 40: Limited C,C1-5

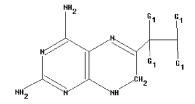
Node 53: Limited C,C1-5

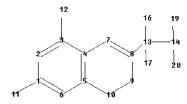
Node 56: Limited C,C1-5

L34 18	34 SEA	FILE=REGISTRY	Y SUB=L5	SSS FUL	L32		
L36 25	2 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L34		
L37 22	0 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L36 AND	(PRY<=2003	OR
	AY<=	=2003 OR PY<=2	2003)				
L38	4 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	DOBLHOFE	R R?/AU	
L39 5	6 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	TEGTMEIE	R F?/AU	
L40 5	7 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L38 OR	L39)	
L41	3 SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND	L37	



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation: Uploading $\operatorname{strH.str}$





chain nodes :
11 12 13 14 16 17 19 20
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
chain bonds :
1-11 3-12 8-13 13-14 13-16 13-17 14-19 14-20
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-10 7-8 8-9 9-10
exact/norm bonds :
1-11 3-12 4-7 5-10 7-8 8-9 9-10 13-16 13-17 14-19 14-20
exact bonds :
8-13 13-14
normalized bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

G1:H,OH

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS

L5	3639	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY	Y SSS FU	L L3	
L38	4	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	DOBLHOFER R?/AU
L39	56	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	TEGTMEIER F?/AU
L40	57	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L38 OR L39)
L42		STR				

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L45 7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L42 L46 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L45

L47 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND (PRY<=2003 OR

AY <= 2003 OR PY <= 2003)

L48 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND L47

=> FILE WPIX

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:35:46 ON 27 DEC 2007 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 DEC 2007 <20071221/UP>
MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200782 <200782/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

>>> IPC Reform backfile reclassification has been loaded to September 6th 2007. No update date (UP) has been created for the reclassified documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC and 20061231/UPIC, 20070601/UPIC and 20071001/UPIC. <<<</p>

FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:

http://www.stn-international.de/training_center/patents/stn_guide.pdf

FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE http://scientific.thomson.com/support/patents/coverage/latestupdates/

EXPLORE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX IN STN ANAVIST, VERSION 2.0: http://www.stn-international.com/archive/presentations/DWPIAnaVist2_0710.pdf

>>> XML document distribution format now available.

See HELP XMLDOC <<<

'BI, ABEX' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'WPIX' FILE

=> D QUE L52

L38 4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON DOBLHOFER R?/AU
L39 56 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON TEGTMEIER F?/AU
L40 57 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L38 OR L39)
L42 STR

$$NH_2$$
 NH_2
 NH_2
 CH_2
 $G1$
 $G1$
 $G1$
 $G1$
 $G1$
 $G1$
 $G1$

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L50 1 SEA FILE=WPIX SSS FUL L42

L51 2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L50/DCR L52 0 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND L51

=> DUP REM L52 L41 L48
L52 HAS NO ANSWERS
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:36:00 ON 27 DEC 2007
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Dec 2007 VOL 147 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Dec 2007 (20071226/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'HCAPLUS' FILE

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L52 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L41 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L48

L58 3 DUP REM L52 L41 L48 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-3' FROM FILE HCAPLUS

=> D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR L58 1-3

L58 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:371070 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:404279

TITLE: Use of pteridine derivatives for the treatment of

increased intracranial pressure and secondary ischemia

INVENTOR(S): Doblhofer, Robert; Tegtmeier, Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech GmbH, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

	IENT NO										ION :			D.	ATE		
	200503 W: U	7286					0428							2	0030	325	<
CA	251991	-		A1		2004	1007		CA 2	003-	2519	919		2	0031	008	<
WO	200408																
		E, AG,															
	С	O, CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
	G	н, GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	
	L	R, LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	
	0	M, PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	
	T	N, TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
	RW: G	H, GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
	K	G, KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	
	F	I, FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	
		F, BJ,		,	,		,		~ ,		,	,			,		
	200329																
	160594								EP 2	003-	7889	45		2	0031	800	<
EP	160594																
	R: A															PT,	
		E, SI,			•	•											
CN	175891	3		A		2006	0412		CN 2	003-	8011	0211		2	0031	800	<
	200651																
	334681	-		T		2006	0815		AT 2	003-	7889	45		2	0031	008	<
	227015																
	2005PA														0050		
	200703			AI		2007	0208										
TORTT:	Y APPLN	· INF) .:								EP30						
									wu Z	003-	EP11	таа		w Z	0031	008	<

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:404279

ED Entered STN: 29 Apr 2005

AB The invention discloses the use of pteridine derivs. for treating increased intracranial pressure and/or secondary ischemia. Compound preparation is included.

IT 50691-64-0 767288-02-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pteridine derivs. for treatment of increased intracranial pressure and $secondary\ ischemia$)

RN 50691-64-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 1,7-dihydro-6-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 767288-02-8 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- α -ethyl-1,7-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 13535-20-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(pteridine derivs. for treatment of increased intracranial pressure and secondary ischemia)

RN 13535-20-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridinyl)-, (1R,2S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:817714 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:307610

TITLE: Use of pteridine derivatives for the treatment of

increased intracranial pressure, secondary ischemia, and disorders associated with an increased level of

cytotoxic reactive oxygen species

INVENTOR(S): Doblhofer, Robert; Tegtmeier, Frank
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT :	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE		
				_									_					
WO	2004	0849	06		A1		2004	1007		WO 2	003-	EP11	138		2	0031	008 <	(
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
		GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	

LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A1 20050428 WO 2003-EP3096 WO 2005037286 20030325 <--W: US CA 2519919 A1 20041007 CA 2003-2519919 20031008 <--20041018 AU 2003-293607 20031008 <--AU 2003293607 A1 EP 2003-788945 EP 1605947 Α1 20051221 20031008 <--20060802 EP 1605947 В1 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK JP 2006514965 Τ 20060518 JP 2004-569858 20031008 <--MX 2005PA09491 Α 20060222 MX 2005-PA9491 20050906 <--US 2007032498 US 2006-549200 A1 20070208 20060703 <--WO 2003-EP3096 A 20030325 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2003-EP11138 W 20031008 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:307610

ED Entered STN: 07 Oct 2004

AB The present invention relates to the use of pteridine derivs. for the treatment of increased intracranial pressure, secondary ischemia, and disorders associated with an increased level of cytotoxic reactive oxygen species. H4-aminobiopterin (preparation given) caused a clear concentration dependent contraction of both rat basilar arteries and middle cerebral arteries.

IT 50691-64-0 767288-02-8

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pteridine derivs. for treatment of increased intracranial pressure,

(pteridine derivs. for treatment of increased intracranial pressure, secondary ischemia, and disorders associated with increased levels of cytotoxic reactive oxygen species)

RN 50691-64-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 1,7-dihydro-6-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 767288-02-8 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- α -ethyl-1,7-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT 13535-20-1P

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(pteridine derivs. for treatment of increased intracranial pressure, secondary ischemia, and disorders associated with increased levels of cytotoxic reactive oxygen species)

RN 13535-20-1 HCAPLUS

1,2-Propanediol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridinyl)-, (1R,2S)- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L58 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2005:612291 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:153229

TITLE: Preparation of pharmaceutical compositions containing 4-amino-7,8-dihydropteridines and their use for the treatment of diseases which are caused by an increased

nitric oxide level

Doblhofer, Robert; Tegtmeier, Frank INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.			DATE					
WO	2005	 0637	 52		A1		2005	0714	,	WO 2	003-	EP14	970		2	0031	230 <
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NΙ,	NO,
		NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,
		TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
		BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,
		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,
		TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD, TG
CA	2552	195			A1		2005	0714	1	CA 2	003-	2552	195		2	0031	230 <
ΑU	2003	2901	27		A1		2005	0721		AU 2	003-	2901	27		2	0031	230 <
EP	1699	793			A1		2006	0913		EP 2	003-	7824	89		2	0031	230 <
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK					
JP	2007	5254	07		Τ		2007	0906	1	JP 2	005-	5126	84		2	0031	230 <

IN 2006DN03444 A 20070831 IN 2006-DN3444 20060615 <-PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2003-EP14970 W 20031230 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:153229

ED Entered STN: 15 Jul 2005

GΙ

The present invention relates to the area of NO synthase inhibition and, more AΒ particularly, relates to novel 4-amino-7,8-dihydropteridines, e.g., I [R1, R2 = H, C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkenyl, C1-20-alkynyl, C3-8-cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aryl, (c1-3-alkyl)aryl, etc.; NR1R2 = 3- to 8-membered ring (optionally containing 1 or 2 other heteroatoms - O, S, N); R4 = C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkenyl, C1-20-alkynyl, C3-8-cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aryl, (C1-3-alkyl)aryl, etc.; R6, R7 = F, C1, I, Br, O-(C1-10-alkyl), OPh, OC(:0)(C1-10-alkyl), OC(:0)aryl, NR8R9, oxo, Ph, C(:0)(C1-5alkyl), CF3, CN, CONR8R9, CO2H, C(:0)O-(C1-5-alkyl), C(:0)O-aryl, S(0)n-(C1-5alkyl), SO2NR8R9; R8 = H, C1-20-alkyl; R9 = H, C1-20-alkyl, aryl (preferably Ph); R11 = H, C1-20-alkyl, aryl, C0-alkyl, C0-aryl; R12, R13 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, O-(C1-10-alkyl), OPh, OC(:O)-C1-10-alkyl, OC(:O)-aryl, NR8R9, Ph, C(:O)-C1-10-alkyl, CF3, CN, CONR8R9, CO2H, etc.; aryl = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, heteroaryl; heteroaryl = 5- to 7-membered ring (optionally containing an addnl. heteroatom - 0, N, S); n = 0 - 2], or their pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts, hydrates and esters, pharmaceutical compns. containing said compds., and the use of said compds. in the treatment of a disorder characterized by a disturbed nitric oxide level. The patent particularly excludes compds. II [R21, R22, R23, R24 = ; R25 = H, Me, CH2OH, CHO, (un) branched C1-9-alkyl, (CHOH) nY, (CHOH) n(CH2)mW; Y = H, C1-9-alkyl; W = H, OH; n, m = 1 - 20]. Thus, 4-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)amino]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrobiopterin (III) was prepared from biopterin (IV) via acetylation with Ac2O in pyridine, reaction with PhCH2CH2OH in dioxane containing Ph3P, amination with (cyclohexylmethyl)amine in dioxane, and hydrogenation in CF2CO4H containing catalytic PtO2. The in vivo stability [t1/2 = << 5 min. (tetrahydro); t1/2 = 48 min. (dihydro)] and NO release inhibitor activity for I was determined

IT 858127-61-4P, N4-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)amino]-4-desoxy-L-biopterin
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrogenation of; preparation of pharmaceutical compns.

containing

4-amino-7,8-dihydropteridines and their use for the treatment of diseases which are caused by an increased nitric oxide level)

RN 858127-61-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 1-[2-amino-4-[(cyclohexylmethyl)amino]-6-pteridinyl]-, (1R,2S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 858127-54-5P, 2,4-Diamino-8-methyl-6-phenyl-7,8-dihydropteridine RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pharmaceutical compns. containing 4-amino-7,8-dihydropteridines

and their use for the treatment of diseases which are caused by an increased nitric oxide level)

RN 858127-54-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 7,8-dihydro-8-methyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Structure Search

=> FILE HCAPLUS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:36:21 ON 27 DEC 2007
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Dec 2007 VOL 147 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Dec 2007 (20071226/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'HCAPLUS' FILE

STR

=> D QUE L47 L3

N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L5 3639 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3 L42 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L45 7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L42 L46 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L45

L47 7 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND (PRY<=2003 OR

AY <= 2003 OR PY <= 2003)

=> S L47 NOT L41, L48

L59 5 L47 NOT (L41 OR L48)

=> FILE WPIX

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:36:48 ON 27 DEC 2007 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 DEC 2007 <20071221/UP>
MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200782 <200782/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

>>> IPC Reform backfile reclassification has been loaded to September 6th 2007. No update date (UP) has been created for the reclassified documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC and 20061231/UPIC, 20070601/UPIC and 20071001/UPIC. <<<</p>

FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:

http://www.stn-international.de/training_center/patents/stn_guide.pdf

FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE http://scientific.thomson.com/support/patents/coverage/latestupdates/

EXPLORE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX IN STN ANAVIST, VERSION 2.0: http://www.stn-international.com/archive/presentations/DWPIAnaVist2_0710.pdf

>>> XML document distribution format now available.

See HELP XMLDOC <<<

'BI, ABEX' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'WPIX' FILE

=> D QUE L51 L42 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L50 $\,$ 1 SEA FILE=WPIX SSS FUL L42

L51 2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON PLU=ON L50/DCR

=> S L51 NOT L52

2 L51 NOT L52

=> FILE BEILSTEIN

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 15:37:07 ON 27 DEC 2007 COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Beilstein-Institut zur Foerderung der Chemischen Wissenschaften licensed to Beilstein GmbH and MDL Information Systems GmbH

FILE LAST UPDATED ON September 26, 2007

FILE COVERS 1771 TO 2007. *** FILE CONTAINS 10.119,480 SUBSTANCES ***

>>>PLEASE NOTE: Reaction Data and substance data are stored in separate documents and can not be searched together in one query. Reaction data for BEILSTEIN compounds may be displayed immediately with the display codes PRE (preparations) and REA (reactions). A substance answer set retrieved after the search for a chemical name, a compounds with available reaction information by combining with PRE/FA, REA/FA or more generally with RX/FA. The BEILSTEIN Registry Number (BRN) is the link between a BEILSTEIN compound and belonging reactions. For mo detailed reaction searches BRNs can be searched as reaction partner BRNs Reactant BRN (RX.RBRN) or Product BRN (RX.PBRN).<<

>>> FOR SEARCHING PREPARATIONS SEE HELP PRE <<<

* PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE ARE NO FORMATS FREE OF COST.

* SET NOTICE FEATURE: THE COST ESTIMATES CALCULATED FOR SET NOTICE

* ARE BASED ON THE HIGHEST PRICE CATEGORY. THEREFORE; THESE

* ESTIMATES MAY NOT REFLECT THE ACTUAL COSTS. ************************

* FOR PRICE INFORMATION SEE HELP COST

>>> Price change as of January 1st, 2008: Connect Time and Structure Search fees re-introduced. See NEWS and HELP COST <<<

=> D QUE L53 L3 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L53639 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L45 7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L42 L53 3 SEA FILE=BEILSTEIN ABB=ON PLU=ON L45

=> FILE MARPAT

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:37:14 ON 27 DEC 2007
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 American Chemical Society (ACS)

FILE CONTENT: 1961-PRESENT VOL 147 ISS 26 (20071221/ED)

SOME MARPAT RECORDS ARE DERIVED FROM INPI DATA FOR 1961-1987

MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES (COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

2007270387 22 NOV 2007 US DE 102007020009 31 OCT 2007 1849853 31 OCT 2007 EΡ 2007294323 08 NOV 2007 JΡ 2007129745 15 NOV 2007 WO 2437429 24 OCT 2007 GB 2900574 09 NOV 2007 FR RU 2309952 10 NOV 2007 CA 2584745 13 OCT 2007

Expanded G-group definition display now available.

Effective December 15th the iteration and answer limits in MARPAT have increased from 100,000 to 200,000 for both on-line and batch searches. For more information on MARPAT search limits, type HELP SLIMITS at an arrow prompt.

=> D QUE L57 L42 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L56 13 SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L42

L57 13 SEA FILE=MARPAT ABB=ON PLU=ON L56/COM

=> DUP REM L59 L60 L53 L57

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'BEILSTEIN'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:37:44 ON 27 DEC 2007

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:37:44 ON 27 DEC 2007

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 THE THOMSON CORPORATION

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 15:37:44 ON 27 DEC 2007

COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Beilstein-Institut zur Foerderung der Chemischen Wissenschaften licensed to Beilstein GmbH and MDL Information Systems GmbH

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:37:44 ON 27 DEC 2007

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 American Chemical Society (ACS)

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L59

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L60

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L53

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L57

L61 20 DUP REM L59 L60 L53 L57 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-5' FROM FILE HCAPLUS

ANSWER '6' FROM FILE WPIX

ANSWERS '7-9' FROM FILE BEILSTEIN ANSWERS '10-20' FROM FILE MARPAT

=> D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR L61 1-5; D IBIB AB HITSTR L61 6; D IDE ALLREF 7-9; D IBIB AB OHIT L61 10-20

L61 ANSWER 1 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:236988 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:276776

TITLE: Pteridine derivatives as NO synthase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Werner, Ernst; Schircks, Bernhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Austria

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1997-117276 19971006 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:276776

ED Entered STN: 19 Apr 1999

AB Pteridine derivs. such as dihydroaminobiopterin are useful as NO synthase inhibitors. Thus, 2,4-diamino-6-(L-erythro-1,2-dihydroxypropyl)pteridine was reduced with Na2S2O4 to give the 7,8-dihydro compound. The effectiveness of the compound in inhibiting the enzyme was demonstrated.

IT 222420-39-5P

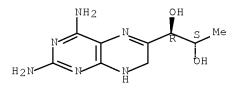
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(pteridine derivs. as NO synthase inhibitors)

RN 222420-39-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 1-(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)-, (1R,2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 2 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:112955 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:112955

TITLE: Preparation of diastereomers of 10-alkyl-10-

deazaminopterins as neoplasm inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): DeGraw, Joseph I.; Christie, Pamela H.; Sirotnak,

Francis M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SRI International, USA; Memorial Sloan Kettering

Cancer Center

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 8704161	A1	19870716	WO 1986-US2513	19861124 <

W: DE, GB, JP					
RW: FR					
US 4746659	A	19880524	US 1985-814720		19851230 <
DE 3690639	ΤO	19871119	DE 1986-3690639		19861124 <
GB 2192888	A	19880127	GB 1987-18482		19861124 <
GB 2192888	В	19891018			
EP 254726	A1	19880203	EP 1986-907213		19861124 <
R: FR					
JP 63502892	T	19881027	JP 1986-506186		19861124 <
JP 08009619	В	19960131			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1985-814720	Α	19851230 <
			WO 1986-US2513	W	19861124 <

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:112955; MARPAT 108:112955

ED Entered STN: 01 Apr 1988

GΙ

The title compds. I [R = NHCH(CO2H)CH2CH2CO2H; 1 of R1, R2 = C1-8 alkyl and the other = H, C1-8 alkyl; R1 \neq R2] were prepared as neoplasm inhibitors in a 14-step synthesis. 4-PrC6H4CO2H was added to LDA in THF followed by H2C:CHCH2Br to give, after esterification, 63% 4-(MeO2C)C6H4CHEtCH2CH:CH2 which was stirred 30 min with NaIO4 and RuO2 to give 77% 4- (MeO2C)C6H4CHEtCH2CO2H. Resolution with (+)-PhCHMeNH2 was accomplished at this stage. (Pyrimidinylamino)hexanone IV (produced in 7 addnl. steps) was stirred at 90-100° in AcOH containing Zn dust to give 83% I (R = Et). D,L-10-Ethyl-10-deazaminopterin (II), at 12 mg/kg i.p., increased survival time of mice inoculated with L1210 cells by 200% over controls. Tablets were prepared each containing II 15, lactose 86, starch 45.5, gelatin 2.5, and Mg stearate 1.0 mg.

IT 102153-04-8P 102153-05-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as neoplasm inhibitor)

RN 102153-04-8 HCAPLUS

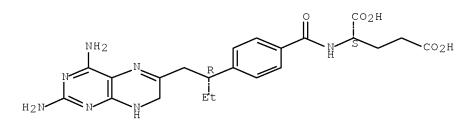
CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[1-[(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)methyl]propyl]benzoyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 102153-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[1-[(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)methyl]propyl]benzoyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L61 ANSWER 3 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:424246 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:24246

TITLE: Synthesis and biological activity of resolved

carbon-10 diastereomers of 10-methyl- and

10-ethyl-10-deazaminopterin

AUTHOR(S): DeGraw, J. I.; Christie, P. H.; Tagawa, H.; Kisliuk,

R. L.; Gaumont, Y.; Schmid, F. A.; Sirotnak, F. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Bio-Org. Chem. Lab., SRI Int., Menlo Park, CA, 94025,

USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1986),

29(6), 1056-61

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 105:24246

ED Entered STN: 26 Jul 1986

GΙ

Aminodeoxydeazapteroic acids I (R = Me, Et, R1 = OH) were prepared and coupled with L-glutamate to afford the appropriate diastereomers of the title compds. [I; R1 = Glu) (II)]. Biochem., transport, and cell growth inhibitory properties in L1210 cells and folate-dependent bacteria were measured. Differences were generally less than 2-fold between diastereomeric pairs, but a factor of 3 was noted for d,L-II (R = Et) vs. the l,L diastereomer in inhibition of DHFR from L1210 cells and in cytotoxicity toward L1210 cells. An in vivo comparison of the isomers of II (R = Et) with racemic compound against L1210 in mice did not show a significant efficacy difference among the compds. However, d,L-II (R = Et) showed an acute toxicity about 2.5 times that of l,L-II (R = Et).

IT 102153-04-8P 102153-05-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and antibacterial and antitumor activity of)

RN 102153-04-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[1-[(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)methyl]propyl]benzoyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 102153-05-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[1-[(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)methyl]propyl]benzoyl]-, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L61 ANSWER 4 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:221167 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:221167

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:34715a,34718a

TITLE: Folate analogs. 24. Syntheses of the antitumor

agents 10-deazaaminopterin (10-DAAM) and 10-ethyl-10-deazaaminopterin (10-EDAAM)

AUTHOR(S): Nair, M. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Med., Univ. South Alabama, Mobile, AL, 36688,

USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1985), 50(11),

1879-84

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:221167

ED Entered STN: 29 Jun 1985

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Title folate analogs I (R = H and Et, resp.) were prepared by condensing pteroic acids II with di-Et glutamate by ClCO2CH2CHMe3 and saponifying the resulting di-Et esters of I. Phthalimide III (R1 = CH2Br) was treated with Ph3P to give the corresponding phosphonium bromide, which was treated with NaOMe in DMF to give Wittig reagent III (R1 = CH:PPh3), which was treated with p-MeO2CC6H4CHO to give enone III (R1 = CH:CHC6H4CO2Me-p) (IV). IV was reduced by Zn/HOAc to give ketone V (R = H), whereas IV was treated with EtMgBr to give V (R = Et). V (R = H, Et) were converted to oximes VI, which was treated with 6-chloro-2,4-diamino-5-nitropyrimidine to give pyrimidines VII, which were converted to II (R = N, Et) by multistep procedures.

IT 96056-44-9P 96056-45-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and oxidation of)

RN 96056-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 NH_2
 NH_2

RN 96056-45-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[1-[(2,4-diamino-1,7-dihydro-6-pteridinyl)methyl]propyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2 \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \end{array} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{CO2H} \\ \text{CO2H} \\ \end{array}$$

L61 ANSWER 5 OF 20 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:537092 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:137092

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 79:22221a,22224a

TITLE: Pteridines. XXIX. Unequivocal route to

2,4-diamino-6-substituted pteridines

AUTHOR(S): Taylor, Edward C.; Perlman, Katherine L.; Kim,

Young-Ho; Sword, Ian P.; Jacobi, Peter A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Princeton Univ., Princeton, NJ, USA SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1973)

), 95(19), 6413-18

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB 2,4-Diamino-6-substituted pteridines (I) are prepared Reaction of an α -keto-aldoxime with aminomalononitrile gives 2-amino-3-cyano-5- substituted pyrazine 1-oxides which yield 2,4-diamino-6-substituted pteridine 8-oxides upon cyclization with guanidine. 2,4-Diaminopteridines are then obtained by deoxygenation of the corresponding 8-oxides, or alternately by prior deoxygenation of these pyrazine 1-oxides, followed by cyclization with guanidine. The conversion of 2-amino-3-cyano-5- methylpyrazine 1-oxide to the corresponding 1,4-dioxide, and a number of chemical transformations of this latter intermediate, are also described.

IT 50691-64-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 50691-64-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 1,7-dihydro-6-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array}$$

L61 ANSWER 6 OF 20 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999-404476 [34] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI: C1999-119322 [34]

TITLE: New and known pteridine derivatives are nitric oxide

synthase inhibitors useful for the treatment of

Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, septic shock

and asthma

DERWENT CLASS: B02

INVENTOR: WERNER E

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (WERN-I) WERNER E

COUNTRY COUNT: 1

PATENT INFO ABBR.:

PATENT NO	KIN	D DATE	WEEK	LA	PG	MAIN IPC
US 5922713	Α	19990713	(199934)*	EN	7[0]	

APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND APPLICATION DATE

US 5922713 A US 1997-882456 19970626

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1997-882456 19970626

AB US 5922713 A UPAB: 20050521

NOVELTY - Pteridine derivatives (I) and their salts are used as nitric oxide synthase inhibitors to inhibit nitric oxide synthesis in an organism.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The use of pteridine derivatives of formula (I) or their salts to inhibit nitric oxide synthase and nitric oxide synthesis in an organism, is new.

Z = CH(OH)X;

X = CH(OH)CH3, (CH(OH))nY or (CH(OH))n(CH2)nW;

Y = H or lower alkyl;

W = H or OH;

n = 1-20; and

a, b = single or double bonds.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included stating that (I) are new, provided that when a and b are both double bonds, Z is not (CH(OH))2CH3, (CH(OH))2CH2OH or ((CH(OH))3CH2OH.

ACTIVITY - Antiparkinsonian; nootropic; neuroprotective; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; antiasthmatic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Nitric oxide synthase inhibitor.

The method of Mayer et al. (Neuropharmacology, 33, 1253-1259, 1994) was used to measure inhibition of recombinant rat neuronal nitric oxide synthase. Tetrahydroaminobiopterin of formula (Ia) at a concentration of 30 microM inhibited nitric oxide synthase activity by 83%, compared to the known compound 2,4-diamino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-hydroxymethyl pteridine which gave inhibition of 4% at the same concentration.

 \mbox{USE} - As nitric oxide synthase inhibitors (claimed) for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases such as Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease, septic shock and asthma.

ADVANTAGE - The 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-L-erythrobiopterin (tetrahydrobiopterin) moiety tightly binds nitric oxide synthase and provides better inhibition of nitric oxide synthase than prior art compounds.

L61 ANSWER 7 OF 20 BEILSTEIN COPYRIGHT 2007 BEILSTEIN MDL on STN

 Beilstein Records (BRN):
 5633531

 Beilstein Pref. RN (BPR):
 96056-45-0

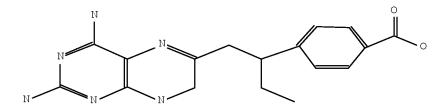
 CAS Reg. No. (RN):
 96056-45-0

Chemical Name (CN): 4-<1-(2,4-diamino-7,8-dihydro-pteridin-6-

ylmethyl)-propyl>-benzoic acid

Autonom Name (AUN): 4-<1-(2,4-diamino-7,8-dihydro-pteridin-6-

ylmethyl)-propyl>-benzoic acid Molec. Formula (MF): C17 H20 N6 O2 Molecular Weight (MW): 340.38 30750 Lawson Number (LN): Compound Type (CTYPE): heterocyclic Constitution ID (CONSID): 4970420 Tautomer ID (TAUTID): 5406500 Beilstein Citation (BSO): 6-26 Entry Date (DED): 1993/02/12 Update Date (DUPD): 1994/02/18



Field Availability:

Code	Name	Occurrence
BRN	Beilstein Records	1
BPR	Beilstein Preferred RN	1
RN	CAS Registry Number	1
CN	Chemical Name	1
AUN	Autonomname	1
MF	Molecular Formula	1
FW	Formular Weight	1
LN	Lawson Number	1
CTYPE	Compound Type	1
CONSID	Constitution ID	1
TAUTID	Tautomer ID	1
BSO	Beilstein Citation	1
DED	Entry Date	1
DUPD	Update Date	1

This substance also occurs in Reaction Documents:

Code	Name	Occurrence
========		
RX	Reaction Documents	2
RXREA	Substance is Reaction Reactant	1
RXPRO	Substance is Reaction Product	1

All References:

ALLREF

1. Nair, M. G., J.Org.Chem., CODEN: JOCEAH, 50(11), <1985>, 1879-1884;
BABS-5699345

L61 ANSWER 8 OF 20 BEILSTEIN COPYRIGHT 2007 BEILSTEIN MDL on STN

Beilstein Records (BRN): 5613739 Beilstein Pref. RN (BPR): 96056-44-9 CAS Reg. No. (RN): 96056-44-9 Chemical Name (CN): 4-<2-(2,4-diamino-7,8-dihydro-pteridin-6yl)-ethyl>-benzoic acid Autonom Name (AUN): 4-<2-(2,4-diamino-7,8-dihydro-pteridin-6yl)-ethyl>-benzoic acid Molec. Formula (MF): C15 H16 N6 O2 Molecular Weight (MW): 312.33 30747 Lawson Number (LN): Compound Type (CTYPE): heterocyclic Constitution ID (CONSID): 4965883 Tautomer ID (TAUTID): 5396728 Beilstein Citation (BSO): 6-26 Entry Date (DED): 1993/02/12 Update Date (DUPD): 1994/02/18

Field Availability:

Name	Occurrence
Beilstein Records	1
Beilstein Preferred RN	1
CAS Registry Number	1
Chemical Name	1
Autonomname	1
Molecular Formula	1
Formular Weight	1
Lawson Number	1
Compound Type	1
Constitution ID	1
Tautomer ID	1
Beilstein Citation	1
Entry Date	1
Update Date	1
	Beilstein Records Beilstein Preferred RN CAS Registry Number Chemical Name Autonomname Molecular Formula Formular Weight Lawson Number Compound Type Constitution ID Tautomer ID Beilstein Citation Entry Date

This substance also occurs in Reaction Documents:

Code	Name	Occurrence
========		
RX	Reaction	Documents 2

RXREA Substance is Reaction Reactant 1
RXPRO Substance is Reaction Product 1

All References:

ALLREF

 Nair, M. G., J.Org.Chem., CODEN: JOCEAH, 50(11), <1985>, 1879-1884; BABS-5699345

L61 ANSWER 9 OF 20 BEILSTEIN COPYRIGHT 2007 BEILSTEIN MDL on STN

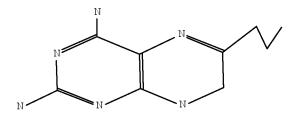
Beilstein Records (BRN): 1117249
Beilstein Pref. RN (BPR): 50691-64-0
CAS Reg. No. (RN): 50691-64-0

Chemical Name (CN): 6-propyl-7,8-dihydro-pteridine-2,4-diamine Autonom Name (AUN): 6-propyl-7,8-dihydro-pteridine-2,4-diamine

Molec. Formula (MF): C9 H14 N6 Molecular Weight (MW): 206.25 Lawson Number (LN): 30710

Compound Type (CTYPE): heterocyclic Constitution ID (CONSID): 1074666
Tautomer ID (TAUTID): 1122047

Beilstein Citation (BSO): 5-26-17-00374 Entry Date (DED): 1988/11/29 Update Date (DUPD): 1995/11/15



Field Availability:

Code	Name	Occurrence
DDM	Beilstein Records	1
BRN		1
BPR	Beilstein Preferred RN	1
RN	CAS Registry Number	1
CN	Chemical Name	1
AUN	Autonomname	1
MF	Molecular Formula	1
FW	Formular Weight	1
LN	Lawson Number	1
CTYPE	Compound Type	1
CONSID	Constitution ID	1
TAUTID	Tautomer ID	1
BSO	Beilstein Citation	1
DED	Entry Date	1
DUPD	Update Date	1

CDER	Chemical Derivative	1
MP	Melting Point	1
NMR	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance	1

This substance also occurs in Reaction Documents:

Code	Name	Occurrence
=======		========
RX	Reaction Documents	1
RXPRO	Substance is Reaction Product	1

All References:

ALLREF

 Taylor et al., J.Amer.Chem.Soc., CODEN: JACSAT, 95, <1973>, 6413,6414,6416

L61 ANSWER 10 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 147:197412 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Use of hyaluronic acid as a carrier molecule for

different classes of therapeutic active agents

INVENTOR(S): Norbedo, Stefano; Bosi, Susanna; Bergamin, Massimo;

Khan, Riaz Ahmed; Murano, Erminio Eurand Pharmaceuticals Ltd., Ire.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eurand Pharmaceuticals SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			Α.	PPLI	CATI	N NC	٥.	DATE				
	-	2007085629			 A	_	20070802			M	0 20	 07-е:	P507	26	20070125				
W	10				_	20071129 1, AT, AU, AZ			D 7\	DD	DC	DD	DM	DV	D7	C 7\	CII		
		W:				•													
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	
			GE,	GH,	GM,	GΤ,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚM,	KN,	
			KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	
			MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	
			RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	
			TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW							
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	
			IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,	
			GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AP,	EA,	EP,	OA							
PRIORI	TY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:			IE 2006-49					20060125						

AB The present invention refers to a drug delivery system consisting of hyaluronic acid and a therapeutic active agent, e.g., an analgesic, an antibiotic, an anesthetic, an antitumor agent, a CNS agent, a hormone, an immune agent, etc., whereby the active agent is covalently linked at the C-6 position of the N-acetyl-D-glucosamine residue of the hyaluronic acid with some exeptions. Pharmaceutical compns. obtained are in injectable form. Thus, 400 mg of 6-O-methanesulfonylhyaluronic acid TBA salt (obtained by treatment of hyaluronan TBA salt with methanesulfonyl chloride) and 333 mg of ibuprofen were dissolved in DMSO, cesium carbonate was added and the

suspension was heated to $70\,^{\circ}$ for 20 h to afford 0.15 g of hyaluronic acidibuprofen.

MSTR 1

G11 = N G12 = NH2 G14 = NH2 G16 = CH2

Patent location: claim 19

L61 ANSWER 11 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 146:288486 MARPAT <u>Full-text</u>
TITLE: Cleavage of antifolate compounds
INVENTOR(S): Melton, Roger; Atkinson, Anthony

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Protherics Medicines Development Limited, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 70pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	PATENT NO.				ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	٥.	DATE				
							20070301			M	20	 05-G:	в329°	7	20050824				
	WO	2007	0232	43	A	3	20070907												
		W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	ΑL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	
			NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	
			SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	
			ZA,	ZM,	ZW														
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	
			IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,	
			GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	AP,	EA,	EP,	OA							
PRIOR	RITY	Z APP	LN.	INFO	.:					M	O 2 0	05-G	B329	7	2005	0824			

AB The present invention relates to the use of an enzyme having carboxypeptidase G activity, and in particular to its use in combating toxicity caused by Pemetrexed and related antifolate compds. The kinetic properties of carboxypeptidase G (glucarpidase) (Voraxaze) in cleavage of antifolates was determined and it was shown to decrease the plasma level of Pemetrexed to nontoxic levels in a human patient.

MSTR 1

G1 = NH2G2 = NH2

 $G13 = 45-3 \ 44-6 \ 47-10$

 $45 \overbrace{\overset{N}{\underset{H}{\downarrow}}} 47$

Patent location: claim 1

Note: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and/or

solvates

Note: substitution is restricted

L61 ANSWER 12 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 146:251859 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Preparation of condensed pyrimidine derivatives as

inhibitors of folic acid-dependent enzymes.

INVENTOR(S): Stoicescu, Dan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cyprus

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 27pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
EP 1754484	A1 20070221	EP 2005-107582 20050817
R: AT, BE,	BG, CH, CY, CZ,	DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT,	LI, LT, LU, LV,	MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,
BA, HR,	MK, YU	
AU 2006281359	A1 20070222	AU 2006-281359 20060816
CA 2583437	A1 20070222	CA 2006-2583437 20060816
WO 2007020277	A2 20070222	WO 2006-EP65380 20060816
WO 2007020277	A3 20070426	
W: AE, AG,	AL, AM, AT, AU,	AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO,	CR, CU, CZ, DE,	DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH,	GM, HN, HR, HU,	ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP,
KR, KZ,	LA, LC, LK, LR,	LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
MW, MX,	MY, MZ, NA, NG,	NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS,
RU, SC,	SD, SE, SG, SK,	SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,

UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA EP 1809292 A2 20070725 EP 2006-792859 20060816 R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU A1 20071115 US 2007-663567 US 2007265444 20070629 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2005-107582 20050817 WO 2006-EP65380 20060816

AB Title compds. [I; Z = O, S; B = NR2, CH2NR2, CH2CH2NR2, CH2CHR7, CH2O; R1 = NH2, OH; R2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; R3 = CO2R8, COSR8, CONHR8, C(NH)SR8, etc.; R4 = H, CH2R5, CH2CH2R5; R7 = H, alkyl, alkoxy; R8 = H, Me, Et, Pr, Me2CH, Bu, Me3C, Me2CHCH2; A = Q1, Q2; X, Y = atoms to form (substituted) (aromatic) (hetero)cyclyl], were prepared Thus, title compound (II) (preparation from 3-chloropropanoyl chloride, Et cyanoacetate, α-bromo-p-nitroacetophenone, and 2,4-diamino-6-bromomethylpteridine given) inhibited dihydrofolate reductase with a relative IC50 = 0.75, vs 1.0 for methotrexate.

MSTR 1

$$_{3}$$
G14_G9_6 G2_CH_G7

$$G9 = 42-33 \ 41-6$$

$$G14 = 114$$

G15 = NH2 G17 = N

G17 = N G18 = N

Patent location:

claim 1

substitution is restricted Note:

Note: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

MSTR 2

G14-G9

G9 = 332

3 § 2 0—G 2 1

G14 = 114

= NH2 = N G15

G17 = N

G18 = N

G20 = (1-2) CH2

Patent location: claim 22

17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 13 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 146:725 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Antiproliferative hyaluronic acid conjugates and

preparation thereof

Murano, Erminio; Flaibani, Antonella; Bergamin, INVENTOR(S):

Massimo; Norbedo, Stefano; Sorbi, Claudia; Khan, Riaz

Ahmed

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eurand Pharmaceuticals Limited, Ire.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 2006122954 A2 20061123 WO 2006122954 A3 20070315 WO 2006-EP62388 20060517

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IE 2005-328 2005051

AB The invention discloses esterified conjugates of hyaluronic acid having antiproliferative activity. Preparation of hyaluronic acid conjugates with methotrexate are described.

MSTR 1

$$G1 = 11-4 12-2$$

$$G2 = NH2$$
 $G3 = 19-3 20-1$

$$G6 = N$$
 $G12 = 43$

Patent location: claim 1

L61 ANSWER 14 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 145:46083 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Processes for preparation of aminotetrahydropteridines

INVENTOR(S):
Noe, Christian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A		CATI	Э.	DATE				
WO 2006058669 WO 2006058669				A2 2006060 A3 2006081					W			20051125					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,
		KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		MZ,	NA,	NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW											
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
		IS,	ΙT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM										
EΡ	1669	355		А	1	2006	0614		E.	P 20	04 - 2	8614		2004	1202		
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,
		BA,	HR,	IS,	ΥU												

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

EP 2004-28614 20041202

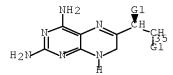
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:46083

The present invention provides a process for preparing aminotetrahydropteridines I [wherein A and B = independently H or hydroxy protective groups; Z = H or dithioacetal moiety] comprising transformation of D-ribose into open chain osone with protected hydroxy groups, followed by reaction with tetraaminopyrimidine, reduction, and cleavage of the protective groups. For example, D-ribose was transformed to 3,4-O-benzyl-5-desoxy-L-erythro-pentos-2-ulose in a multi-step synthesis. The osone obtained in previous step was treated with hydroxylamine, followed by reaction with tetraaminopyrimidine dihydrochloride and hydrogenation to give II. The title compds. are useful as inhibitors of NO-synthase.

MSTR 1A

G3—G11

G3 = 35



Patent location: claim 1

Note: also incorporates claim 2, 3 and 4

MSTR 1B

G3<u>—</u>Me

G3 = 35

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{NH2} & \text{G1} \\ & \text{N} & \text{CH} \\ & \text{H2N} & \text{N} & \text{G1} \end{array}$$

Patent location: claim 1

Note: also incorporates claim 2, 3 and 4

L61 ANSWER 15 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:299139 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Use of enzyme carboxypeptidase G for combating

toxicity caused by an antifolate compound

INVENTOR(S): Melton, Roger; Atkinson, Anthony

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Protherics Molecular Design Limited, UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KI	ND	DATE			A	APPLICATION NO.					DATE						
									_												
WO	WO 2005084695				A2 20050915				W	0 20	05-G	в751		20050228							
WO	WO 2005084695			Α	3	2005	1208														
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,				
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,				
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,				
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,				
		NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,				
		SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			

```
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
             RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 2005218987
                      Α1
                            20050915
                                           AU 2005-218987
                                                             20050228
     CA 2557610
                       Α1
                            20050915
                                           CA 2005-2557610 20050228
     EP 1727548
                            20061206
                                           EP 2005-717830
                       Α2
                                                             20050228
         R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
                                           CN 2005-80013842 20050228
     CN 1950088
                            20070418
                       Α
     BR 2005008053
                       Α
                            20070717
                                           BR 2005-8053
                                                             20050228
     JP 2007524711
                            20070830
                                           JP 2007-500299
                                                             20050228
                       Τ
     KR 2007036023
                            20070402
                                           KR 2006-717341
                                                            20060828
                       Α
     IN 2006DN04935
                       Α
                            20070817
                                           IN 2006-DN4935
                                                            20060828
     US 2007243182
                       A1
                            20071018
                                           US 2007-590789
                                                             20070212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           GB 2004-4487
                                                             20040228
                                           WO 2005-GB751
                                                             20050228
```

AB A method of combating toxicity caused by an antifolate compound in an individual who has been administered the compound The method comprises administering an enzyme that has activity to the individual. A method of cleaving a compound comprising a structural fragment of Formula I (A6 represents O or S; R8 represents H or one or two substituents selected from halo, C1-4 alkyl and C1-4 alkoxy; R3 represents H or C1-4 alkyl; R4 represents -CH2C(R9a)(R9b)-D where R9a and R9b independently represent H or C1-4 alkyl, or R9a and R9b together represent =C(H)R10 and R10 represents H or C-4-alkyl and D represents C(O)OH, tetrazol-5-yl, etc.), the method comprising contacting the compound comprising the structural fragment of Formula I with an enzyme that has carboxypeptidase G activity.

MSTR 1

$$G1 \xrightarrow{G17} G17 \xrightarrow{G18} GH \xrightarrow{OH} OH$$

G1 = 170

G2 = NH2 G3 = NH2 G14 = 95 ∯§——G15

Patent location: claim 1

Note: or pharmaceutically acceptable salts or solvates

L61 ANSWER 16 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:153229 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Preparation of pharmaceutical compositions containing

4-amino-7,8-dihydropteridines and their use for the treatment of diseases which are caused by an increased

nitric oxide level

INVENTOR(S): Doblhofer, Robert; Tegtmeier, Frank PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

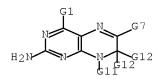
PATENT INFORMATION:

```
PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
     WO 2005063752 A1 20050714 WO 2003-EP14970 20031230
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO,
             NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ,
             TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
             TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                     A1 20050714 CA 2003-2552195 20031230
     CA 2552195
     AU 2003290127 A1 20050721 AU 2003-290127 20031230 EP 1699793 A1 20060913 EP 2003-782489 20031230
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     JP 2007525407 T 20070906 JP 2005-512684 20031230 IN 2006DN03444 A 20070831 IN 2006-DN3444 20060615 WO 2003-EP14970 20031230
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
AΒ
     The present invention relates to the area of NO synthase inhibition and, more
```

The present invention relates to the area of NO synthase inhibition and, more particularly, relates to novel 4-amino-7,8-dihydropteridines, e.g., I [R1, R2 = H, C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkenyl, C1-20-alkynyl, C3-8-cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aryl, (c1-3-alkyl)aryl, etc.; NR1R2 = 3- to 8-membered ring (optionally containing 1 or 2 other heteroatoms - O, S, N); R4 = C1-20-alkyl, C1-20-alkenyl, C1-20-alkynyl, C3-8-cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, (cycloalkyl)alkyl, aryl, (C1-3-alkyl)aryl, etc.; R6, R7 = F, C1, I, Br, O-(C1-10-alkyl), OPh, OC(:0)(C1-10-alkyl), OC(:0)aryl, NR8R9, oxo, Ph, C(:0)(C1-5-alkyl), CF3, CN, CONR8R9, CO2H, C(:0)O-(C1-5-alkyl), C(:0)O-aryl, S(O)n-(C1-5-alkyl), SO2NR8R9; R8 = H, C1-20-alkyl; R9 = H, C1-20-alkyl, aryl (preferably Ph); R11 = H, C1-20-alkyl, aryl, CO-alkyl, CO-aryl; R12, R13 = H, C1-10-alkyl, aryl, O-(C1-10-alkyl), OPh, OC(:0)-C1-10-alkyl, OC(:0)-aryl, NR8R9, Ph, C(:0)-C1-10-alkyl, CF3, CN, CONR8R9, CO2H, etc.; aryl = (un)substituted Ph, naphthyl, heteroaryl; heteroaryl = 5- to 7-membered ring (optionally containing an addnl. heteroatom - O, N, S); n = 0 - 2], or their

pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts, hydrates and esters, pharmaceutical compns. containing said compds., and the use of said compds. in the treatment of a disorder characterized by a disturbed nitric oxide level. The patent particularly excludes compds. II [R21, R22, R23, R24 = ; R25 = H, Me, CH20H, CH0, (un)branched C1-9-alkyl, (CH0H)nY, (CH0H)n(CH2)mW; Y = H, C1-9-alkyl; W = H, OH; n, m = 1 - 20]. Thus, 4-[(Cyclohexylmethyl)amino]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrobiopterin (III) was prepared from biopterin (IV) via acetylation with Ac20 in pyridine, reaction with PhCH2CH2OH in dioxane containing Ph3P, amination with (cyclohexylmethyl)amine in dioxane, and hydrogenation in CF2CO4H containing catalytic Pt02. The in vivo stability [t1/2 = << 5 min. (tetrahydro); t1/2 = 48 min. (dihydro)] and NO release inhibitor activity for I was determined

MSTR 1



G1 = NH2

G7 = alkyl < containing 1-20 C >

(opt. substd. by 1 or more G17)

Patent location: claim 1

Note: substitution is restricted

Note: and tautomeric forms and mixtures and

physiologically tolerated salts, hydrates and

esters

Note: additional oxo formation also claimed Stereochemistry: and stereoisomeric forms and mixtures

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 17 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:404279 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Use of pteridine derivatives for the treatment of

increased intracranial pressure and secondary ischemia

INVENTOR(S): Doblhofer, Robert; Tegtmeier, Frank PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech GmbH, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005037286	A1	20050428	WO 2003-EP3096	20030325
W: US CA 2519919	A1	20041007	CA 2003-2519919	20031008
WO 2004084906	A1	20041007	WO 2003-EP11138	20031008
W: AE, AG,	AL, AM	, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY	, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

```
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
             GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
             LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,
             OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
         TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           AU 2003-293607 20031008
     AU 2003293607
                       A1
                           20041018
     EP 1605947
                                           EP 2003-788945
                             20051221
                                                              20031008
                       Α1
     EP 1605947
                             20060802
                       В1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     CN 1758913
                            20060412
                      A
                                        CN 2003-80110211 20031008
     JP 2006514965
                           20060518
                                            JP 2004-569858
                                                              20031008
     AT 334681
                       Τ
                            20060815
                                            AT 2003-788945
                                                              20031008
                                            ES 2003-3788945 20031008
     ES 2270151
                       Т3
                             20070401
                                            MX 2005-PA9491
     MX 2005PA09491
                       Α
                             20060222
                                                              20050906
                             20070208
                                            US 2006-549200
     US 2007032498
                       A1
                                                              20060703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            WO 2003-EP3096
                                                              20030325
                                            WO 2003-EP11138 20031008
```

AB The invention discloses the use of pteridine derivs. for treating increased intracranial pressure and/or secondary ischemia. Compound preparation is included.

MSTR 2

Patent location: claim 4

MSTR 3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & G1 & G3 & G6 \\ \hline N & & & & & \\ H2N & & & & & \\ H2N & & & & & \\ G5 & G23 & G7 & & & \\ \end{array}$$

G1 = NH2

G4 = alkynyl (opt. substd.)
Patent location: claim (

Note: and physiologically tolerated salts, hydrates, and

esters, and tautomers

Stereochemistry: and stereoisomers

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 18 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 141:307610 MARPAT Full-text

Use of pteridine derivatives for the treatment of TITLE: increased intracranial pressure, secondary ischemia,

and disorders associated with an increased level of

cytotoxic reactive oxygen species Doblhofer, Robert; Tegtmeier, Frank INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

Р	PAT	ENT 1	NO.		KII	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ON N	Ο.	DATE			
M	10	2004	0849	06	 A:	1	2004	1007		M	0 20	 03-е:	P111	 38	2003	1008		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,
			GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,
			LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MΖ,	NΙ,	NO,	NZ,
			OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,
			TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
			BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG
M	WO 2005037286				A	1	2005	0428		M	0 20	03-E	P309	6	2003	0325		
		W:	US															
С	CA	2519	919		A	1	2004	1007		C.	A 20	03-2	5199	19	2003	1008		
Α	U	2003	2936	07	A	1	2004	1018		A	U 20	03-2	9360	7	2003	1008		
E	ſΡ	1605	947		A.	1	2005	1221		E.	P 20	03-7	8894	5	2003	1008		
E	ſΡ	1605	947		В	1	2006	0802										
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
J	JP 2006514965			Τ		2006	0518		J:	P 20	04 - 5	6985	8	2003	1008			
M	MX 2005PA09491			А		2006	0222		M.	X 20	05-P.	A949	1	2005	0906			
U	US 2007032498			98	A.	1	2007	0208		U	S 20	06-5	4920	0	2006	0703		
IORI	RITY APPLN. INFO			INFO	.:					M	20	03-E	P309	6	2003	0325		
										M	0 20	03-E	P111	38	2003	1008		
,	Τh	e pre	sent	inv	ent i	on ·	relat	es t	o th	ne 115	se of	nte	ridi	ne	deria	rs f	or t	h⊖

AB The present invention relates to the use of pteridine derivs. for the treatment of increased intracranial pressure, secondary ischemia, and disorders associated with an increased level of cytotoxic reactive oxygen species. H4-aminobiopterin (preparation given) caused a clear concentration dependent contraction of both rat basilar arteries and middle cerebral arteries.

MSTR 2

Patent location: claim 4

MSTR 3

G1 = NH2

G4 = alkynyl (opt. substd.)
Patent location: claim (

Note: and physiologically tolerated salts, hydrates, and

esters, and tautomers

Stereochemistry: and stereoisomers

REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 19 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 135:258794 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Polysaccharide esters of N-derivatives of glutamic

acid, their preparation and use

INVENTOR(S): Miglierini, Giuliana; Stucchi, Luca; Rastrelli,

Alessandro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societa Cooperativa Centro Ricerche Poly-Tech A

Responsabilita Limitata, Italy

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND D	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001068105	 A1 2	 20010920	WO 2001-EP3050	20010316
CO, CI HR, HI LT, LU RU, SI	R, CU, CZ, J, ID, IL, J, LV, MA,	DE, DK, DM, IN, IS, JP, MD, MG, MK,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ,	GD, GE, GH, GM, LC, LK, LR, LS, NZ, PL, PT, RO,

```
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    IT 2000MI0559
                    A1 20010917
                                   IT 2000-MI559 20000317
    IT 1318403
                         20030825
                     В1
    CA 2403063
                     A1 20010920
                                        CA 2001-2403063 20010316
    BR 2001009294
                        20021217
                                        BR 2001-9294
                                                        20010316
                    Α
                                        EP 2001-931536
                                                       20010316
    EP 1274446
                    A1 20030115
    EP 1274446
                    B1 20050914
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                   T 20030909
    JP 2003526720
                                        JP 2001-566669
                                                         20010316
    AT 304363
                                       AT 2001-931536
                          20050915
                                                        20010316
                     Τ
                                     ES 2001-1931536 20010316
AU 2001-58286 20010316
MX 2002-PA9057 20020917
    ES 2248322
                    T3 20060316
    AU 784655
                    B2 20060518
    MX 2002PA09057 A 20040906
    ZA 2002008299
                    A 20031215
                                      ZA 2002-8299
                                                       20021015
                                      US 2003-221703 20030127
    US 2003158125
                    A1 20030821
                     B2 20050118
    US 6844328
                     A1 20050324
                                        US 2004-950879
                                                       20040927
    US 2005065112
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        IT 2000-MI559 20000317
                                        WO 2001-EP3050 20010316
                                        US 2003-221703 20030127
```

AB These polysaccharidic esters have antiproliferative activity and are characterized by a low systemic toxicity. The esters are used in the prevention and therapy of diseases caused by cellular hyperproliferation, particularly psoriasis, tumors, rheumatoid arthritis, or intestinal inflammatory pathologies. I (R2,R4 = NH2; X,Y = N; Z = NMe; Ar = 1,4-phenylene) was esterified with halogenated scleroglucan.

MSTR 1

$$G1 = 11-4 12-2$$

$$G2 = NH2$$
 $G3 = 19-3 20-1$

G6 = N G12 = 43

ДS——G14

Patent location: claim 1

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 20 OF 20 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:237499 MARPAT Full-text

TITLE: Preparation of N-substituted-4-aminopteridines as NO

synthase inhibitors for use as pharmaceuticals

INVENTOR(S): Pfleiderer, Wolfgang; Schmidt, Harald; Froehlich,

Lothar; Kotsonis, Peter; Taghavi-Moghadam, Shahriyar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vasopharm Biotech G.m.b.H. & Co. K.-G., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	rent 1	ΝΟ.		KI	MD.	DATE					CATI			DATE			
WO	2001	0216	19	А	1	2001	0329							2000	0911		
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
		HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
		LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,
		YU,	ZA,	ZW													
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, N								SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
	DE, DK, ES, FI, CF, CG, CI, CM,						GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,
		•									•						
	1994																
	1216								E	P 20	00-9	6415	4	2000	0911		
EP	1216																
	R:			•							ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
						FI,											
_	2004	-					-		_	_	-		-				
	3027													2000			
	2248																
	6844				1	2005	0118							2002			
ORIT:	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						_		-		1999			
									M	0 20	00-E	P883.	3	2000	0911		

AB Pteridines, such as I [R1, R2 = H, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl; R1R2 = nitrogen bound heterocyclyl, such as 1-piperidinyl or 4-morpholinyl; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, etc.; R3, R5 = acyl, aroyl, R6 = R7 = H,

or R3R6 = R5R7 = bond;], were prepared for pharmaceutical use. Thus, pteridine II was prepared via cyclocondensation of N4,N4-dimethylpyrimidinetetramine dihydrochloride and phenylglyoxal monoxime. The prepared pteridines were tested for nitric oxide synthase inhibiting activity.

MSTR 1

G1 = 20

2 G2 G2

G4 = alkyl (opt. substd. by 1 or more G8)

Patent location: claim 1

Note: and physiologically useful salts, hydrates, and

esters

Stereochemistry: and stereoisomers and tautomers

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Structure Search First 10, Middle 10 and Last 10 Results

=> FILE HCAPLUS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:40:03 ON 27 DEC 2007
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Dec 2007 VOL 147 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Dec 2007 (20071226/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'HCAPLUS' FILE

=> D OUE L37

L3 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L5 3639 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3

L32 STR

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L34 184 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L32

L36 252 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L34

L37 220 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND (PRY<=2003 OR AY<=2003 OR PY<=2003)

=> S L37 NOT L41, L48, L47

L62 215 L37 NOT (L41 OR L48 OR L47)

=> D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR L62 1-10; D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR L62 100-110; D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR L62 205-215

L62 ANSWER 1 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:633002 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:73054

Synthesis of methotrexate-containing heterodimeric TITLE:

molecules

INVENTOR(S): Murthi, Krishna K.; Smith, Chase C. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gpc Biotech, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 54pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. ---- ------ ------B1 20070612 US 2003-651340 20030828 <--US 2002-407131P P 20020828 <--US 7230101 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 147:73054

ED Entered STN: 13 Jun 2007

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

- The present invention relates to novel compns. of methotrexate-containing AΒ heterodimeric probe mols., also known as chemical inducers of dimerization (CID), useful in three-hybrid assays. The invention further relates to synthesis of said compns. and their intermediates. Another aspect of the invention is a method for using the heterodimeric probe mols. described herein in drug screens to identify potential protein targets to a given ligand, optimize protein-ligand interactions, or identify potential ligands for a given protein target (no data). Thus, methotrexate derivative (I) was condensed with purvalanol B derivative (II; R = H) using 1-ethyl-3-(3dimethylaminopropyl) carbodiimide hydrochloride, HOBt, and diisopropylethylamine in CH2Cl2 followed by treatment with 90% aqueous CF3CO2H solution to give II (R = Q) as a methotrexate-containing heterodimeric probe which is a ligand of both DNA binding fusion protein and activation domain fusion protein.
- ΙT 73978-41-3, 2,4-Diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazine-6-methanol monohydrochloride

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of methotrexate-containing heterodimeric probe mols. as chemical

> inducers of dimerization in three-hybrid assays or in drug screens to identify potential protein targets)

73978-41-3 HCAPLUS RN

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$_{\mathrm{H_{2}N}}$$
 $_{\mathrm{N}}$ $_{\mathrm{N}}$ $_{\mathrm{N}}$ $_{\mathrm{CH_{2}-OH}}$

HCl

 ${\tt L62 \quad ANSWER \ 2 \ OF \ 215 \quad HCAPLUS \quad COPYRIGHT \ 2007 \ ACS \ on \ STN}$

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1335074 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:69859

TITLE: Indoles, pteridines, pyridopyrazines, and

benzotriazines as vasculostatic agents, their

preparation, pharmaceutical compositions and use in

therapy

INVENTOR(S): Wrasidlo, Wolfgang; Doukas, John; Royston, Ivor;

Noronha, Glenn; Hood, John D.; Dneprovskaia, Elena;

Gong, Xianchang; Splittgerber, Ute; Zhao, Ningning

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Targegen, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 95 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 679,209.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 2005282814	A1	20051222	US 2005-105845		20050413 <
US 2004167198	A1	20040826	US 2003-679209		20031002 <
US 7208493	B2	20070424			
US 2007208019	A1	20070906	US 2007-653190		20070111 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-415981P	P	20021003 <
			US 2003-440234P	P	20030114 <
			US 2003-443752P	P	20030129 <
			US 2003-463818P	P	20030417 <
			US 2003-466983P	Р	20030430 <
			US 2003-479295P	Р	20030617 <
			US 2003-679209	A2	20031002 <

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:69859; MARPAT 144:69859

ED Entered STN: 23 Dec 2005

GΙ

$$(R^1)$$
 m \xrightarrow{W} \xrightarrow{B} \xrightarrow{A} (R^2) n

$$_{\rm H_2N}$$
 $_{\rm N}$ $_{\rm N}$ $_{\rm OH}$ $_{\rm OH}$

The invention relates to nitrogen heterocyclic compds. of formula I, which are AΒ useful for treating disorders associated with compromised vasculostasis. In compds. I, each of A, B, W, X, Y, and Z is independently selected from C, C(O), N, and NR3, where R3 is H or (un)substituted alkyl; each R1 is independently halo, OR4, N(R4)2, or SR4, where R4 is H, lower alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; each R2 is independently halo, OR5, N(R5)2, SR5, OPO3H2, (un) substituted alkyl, (un) substituted aryl, (un) substituted heteroaryl, where R5 is H, lower alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; and each of m and n is independently an integer from 1 to 4. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a compound I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment of a variety of disorders including stroke, myocardial infarction, cancer, ischemia/reperfusion injury, autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, eye diseases such as retinopathies or macular degeneration, inflammatory diseases, vascular leakage syndrome, edema, transplant rejection, adult/acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), and the like. Cyclocondensation of 3,3'-dihydroxybenzil with 2,4,5,6tetraaminopyrimidine sulfate results in the formation of diaminopteridine II. Compound II expresses an IC50 value of 83 nM in an assay for the inhibition of the human p120y subunit of PI3 kinase and results in 65% reduction of myocardial infarction in rats.

TT 76145-91-0, (2,4-DiaminoPteridin-6-yl)-methanol hydrobromide RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (starting material; preparation of vasculostatic agents and use

(starting material; preparation of vasculostatic agents and use for treatment of disorders associated with compromised vasculostasis) 76145-91-0 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

x HBr

L62 ANSWER 3 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:561514 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:211928

TITLE: Preparation of Pteridine derivatives as nitric oxide

synthase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):
Yao, Qizheng

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): China Pharmaceutical University, Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.

given

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1546491	A	20041117	CN 2003-10106588	20031210 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2003-10106588	20031210 <
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASRE	ACT 143:21192	28; MARPAT 143:211928	

ED Entered STN: 29 Jun 2005

GΙ

- AB The title compds. I [wherein R = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R1 = H, Ph, alkyl, etc.; R2 and R3 = independently alkyl, PhCH2, etc.] or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof are prepared as NO synthetase inhibitors for the prevention and treatment of diseases caused by NO level rise. For example, the compound II was prepared II inhibited NO generation with ID50 of 14.85 μ M.
- IT 247913-54-8P 247913-56-0P 862503-57-9P 862503-60-4P 862503-61-5P 862503-62-6P 862503-64-8P 862503-65-9P 862503-66-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of pteridine derivs. as nitric oxide synthase inhibitors)

RN 247913-54-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 247913-56-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-57-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-60-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(4-methylphenyl)-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-61-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4-(1-methylethyl)-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-62-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4-(1-methylethyl)-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-64-8 HCAPLUS

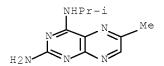
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-65-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 862503-66-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl-N4-(1-methylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 4 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:371673 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:392421

TITLE: Preparation of methotrexate

INVENTOR(S): Amonkar, Ashok Jaganath; Ganu, Ulhas Kashinath; Indap,

Manohar Atmaram

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Department of Atomic Energy, Government of India,

India

SOURCE: Indian, 29 pp.

CODEN: INXXAP

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

-----IN 182947 A1 19990814 IN 1998-B0236 19980422 <-PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IN 1998-B0236 19980422 <--

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:392421

ED Entered STN: 02 May 2005

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{NH} & \text{CO-R1} \\ & \text{NH} & \text{NH} & \text{CO-R1} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} \\ & & \text{NH} & \text{NH} \\ & &$$

AB Preparation of methotrexate I [R = OH] via the N-alkylation of di-Et N-(p-N-methylaminobenzoyl)glutamate by 2,4-diamino-6- (bromomethyl)pteridine was disclosed. For example, a suspension of di-Et N-(p-N-methylaminobenzoyl)glutamate (6.7 mmol), 2,4-diamino-6- (bromomethyl)pteridine

HBr (5.8 mmol) in di-Me N-acetamide was stirred at 55° C for 4 h, after work-up afforded the di-Et ester of methotrexate I [R = OH] in 66.5° 8 yield. In P-388 lymphocytic leukemia mice survival assays, the sodium salt of compound I [R = ONa], at 2.5 mg/kg dosage over 1, 5, 9 days exhibited a medium survival rate of 19.5 days.

Ι

IT 708-74-7P 945-24-4P 57963-59-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of methotrexate)

RN 708-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\underset{\text{H2N}}{\overset{\text{NH2}}{\bigvee}} \underset{\text{N}}{\overset{\text{NH2}}{\bigvee}} \overset{\text{Me}}{\bigvee}$$

RN 945-24-4 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 57963-59-4 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino-, monohydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 H_2N N N CH_2 OH

HBr

L62 ANSWER 5 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:259882 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:336393

TITLE: Preparation of pteridine derivatives for the treatment

of septic shock and TNF- α -related diseases.

INVENTOR(S): Waer, Mark Jozef Albert; Herdewijn, Piet Andre Maurits

Maria; De Jonghe, Steven Cesar Alfons; Marchand,

Arnaud Didier Marie; Yuan, Lin; El Hassane, Sefrioui

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 4 Aza Bioscience Nv, Belg.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D i	DATE									ATE		
	2005 2005								1		004-					0040	 913 <	[——
	W:								BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
		NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	
		SN,	TD,	ΤG														
GB	2405	793			Α		2005	0316	(GB 2	003-	2138	4		2	0030	912 <	:
GB	2413	324			Α		2005	1026	(GB 2	004-	8955			2	0040	422	
_	2004						2005			-	004-						913 <	
CA	2534	549			A1		2005	0324	(CA 2	004-	2534	549		2	0040	913 <	:
	1663				A2		2006			EP 2	004-	7651.	20		2	0040	913 <	:
EP	1663	244			В1		2007	0815										
	R:	AT,	•							•			•	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
											HU,							
	2007																	
	2007						2007	0104										
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					(GB 2	003-	2138	4	1	A 2	0030	912 <	:

GB 2004-8955 A 20040422 WO 2004-EP10198 W 20040913

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:336393; MARPAT 142:336393

ED Entered STN: 25 Mar 2005

GΙ

AB Pteridine derivs. of formula I [X = 0, SOm; m = 0-2; R1 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclyl, etc.; R2 = amino, acylamino, carbamoyl, ureido, etc.; R3, R4 = H, halo, alkyl, carboxyalkyl, arylamino, etc.; R3R4 = alkylene, etc.] are prepared for the manufacture of a medicament for the prevention or treatment of septic shock and TNF- α related disorders. Thus, II was prepared, and had IC50 of 0.4 μ M against TNF- α .

IT 247913-51-5P 247913-54-8P 247913-56-0P 278799-96-5P 278800-02-5P 278800-24-1P 278800-27-4P 278800-29-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pteridine derivs. for treatment of septic shock and $\text{TNF-}\alpha\text{-related}$ diseases)

RN 247913-51-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 247913-54-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278799-96-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-02-5 HCAPLUS

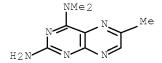
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-dipropyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-24-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-N4,N4-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

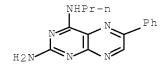
RN 278800-27-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4,6-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 278800-29-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4-propyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 6 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:228920 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:297927

TITLE: Pteridine derivatives for treating TNF-alpha related

disorders

INVENTOR(S): Herdewijn, Piet; Waer, Mark; De Jonghe, Steven Cesar

Alfons; Yuan, Lin; El Hassane, Sefrioui

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 4 AZA Bioscience NV, Belg. SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 72 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	NO.			KIN	D :	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE	
GB	2405	 793				_	2005	0316		GB 2	003-	 2138	4		2	0030	912 <
AU	2004	2717.	21		A1		2005	0324		AU 2	004-	2717.	21		2	0040	913 <
CA	2534	549			A1		2005	0324		CA 2	004-	2534	549		2	0040	913 <
WO	2005	0255	74		A2		2005	0324		WO 2	004-	EP10	198		2	0040	913 <
WO	2005	0255	74		АЗ		2005	0630									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
								UA,									
	RW:	•						MZ,		•							
								ΤJ,									
				•				HU,							•		•
								CG,									
			TD,		<i>D1</i> ,	20,	01,	00,	O±,	011,	011,	0117	02,	O.,,	1111	,	1.2,
EР	1663	,	,		A2		2006	0607		EP 2	004-	7651	20		21	0040	913 <
	1663						2007				001	, 001			_	0010	, ,
	R:							FR,	GB	GR	тт	T. T	T.II	MT.	SE	МС	PТ
	1					•	,	BG,	•		,			,	~ L ,	110,	/
ΔТ	3698		υ±,	,											21	0040	913 <

JP 2007533617 Τ 20071122 JP 2006-525783 20040913 <--US 2007004721 Α1 20070104 US 2006-595161 20060310 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2003-21384 A 20030912 <--GB 2004-8955 A 20040422 WO 2004-EP10198 W 20040913

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:297927

ED Entered STN: 16 Mar 2005

GΙ

AΒ This invention relates to the use of a group of pteridine derivs. I (X = 0, or S(0)m wherein m is an integer from 0 to 2, or a substituted amine; R1 = alkyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl heterocycle, halogen, alkoxy etc.; R2 = amino, acylamino, thioacylamino, carbamoyl, thiocarbamoyl, ureido, thioredio, sulfonamido, hydroxylamino, alkoxyamino, thioalkylamino, mercaptoamino, hydrazino, alkylhydrazino, aryl, heterocycle, etc.; R3, R4 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl, carboxy, acetoxy, alkoxy, oxyheterocyclic, etc.) their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, N-oxides, solvates, dihydro- and tetrahydro derivs. and enantiomers, for the manufacture of a medicament for the prevention or treatment of TNF-lpha related disorders. Thus, 2-amino-4isopropoxypteridine was cooled in trifluoroacetic acid and treated with 35% H2O2 to give 2-amino-4-isopropoxypteridine-N8-oxide which had a IC50 value of 4.0 μM against TNF- α . The conditions treated may be septic or endotoxic shock, toxic effects of radiotherapy, $TNF-\alpha$ or chemotherapeutic agents, or cachexia.

IT 247913-51-5P 247913-54-8P 247913-56-0P 278799-96-5P 278800-02-5P 278800-27-4P 278800-29-6P 847832-39-7P 847832-40-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pteridine derivs. for treating TNF-alpha related disorders) 247913-51-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

RN 247913-54-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 247913-56-0 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278799-96-5 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-02-5 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-dipropyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

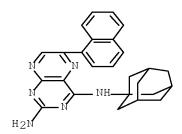
RN 278800-27-4 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4,6-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-29-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4-propyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

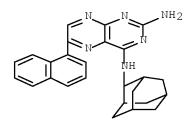
RN 847832-39-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(1-naphthalenyl)-N4-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl-(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 847832-40-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(1-naphthalenyl)-N4-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl-(CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L62 ANSWER 7 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:216684 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:298130

TITLE: Preparation and immunosuppressive effects of pteridine

derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Waer, Mark Jozef Albert; Herdewijn, Piet Andre Maurits

Maria; Pfleiderer, Wolfgang Eugen; Marchand, Arnaud

Didier Marie; De Jonghe, Steven Cesar Alfons

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 4 Aza Bioscience NV, Belg. SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	ATENT						DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION :	NO.			ATE 		
	200! 0 200!		03		A2		2005	0310		WO 2	004-	 BE12	4					<
	W:						AU,			BB.	BG.	BR.	BW.	BY.	B7.	CA.	CH.	
							DE,											
			•				ID,		•	•						•		
		•	•	•	•	•	LV,	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	
		•	•	•	•	,	PL,		•	•	•	•	•	,	,	•	•	
							TZ,											
	RW	: BW,																
	100		•	•	•	•	RU,				•	•	•				•	
		•		•	•	•	GR,	•									•	
			•				CF,		•	•								
			TD,		21,	20,	01,	00,	01,	011,	011,	0217	02,	o,	,	,	112,	
IJ:	s 200				A 1		2004	0422		US 2	003-	6516	0.4		2.	0030	829	<
	S 7276				В2		2007			-			-		_			
	3 2413						2005			GB 2	004-	8955			2	0040	422	
ΑI	J 200	12678	85		A1		2005	0310		AU 2	004-	2678	85		2	0040	827	<
	A 253				A1		2005											
El	2 1658	3081			A2		2006	0524		EP 2	004-	7614	85		2	0040	827	<
	2 1658				В1		2007											
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK					
JI	200	75336	10		Τ		2007	1122		JP 2	006-	5241	83		2	0040	827	
U:	S 2006	52873	14		A1		2006	1221		US 2	006-	5951	26		2	0060	227	<
PRIORI:	TY API	PLN.	INFO	.:						US 2	003-	6516	04		A 2	0030	829	<
										GB 2	004-	8955			A 2	0040	422	
										US 1						9981	228	<
										WO 1	999-	EP10	320		W 1	9991	228	<
										US 2	001-	8694	68		B2 2	0011	010	<
										WO 2	004-	BE12	4		W 2	0040	827	
OTHER :	SOURCI	Ξ(S):			CAS	REAC	T 14	2:29	8130	; MA	RPAT	142	:298	130				
ED E1 GI	ntere	d STN	: 1	1 Ma	r 20	05												

This invention relates to a group of trisubstituted and tetrasubstituted pteridine derivs. I [X = 0, S(0)m, NZ; m = 0-2; Z = H, OH, R1 or NZ = heterocyclic group; R1 = (un) substituted C1-7 alkyl, C2-7 alkenyl, C2-7 alkynyl, C3-10 cycloalkyl, C3-10 cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclyl, heterocycloalkyl, etc.; R2 = amino, acylamino, thioacylamino,

carbamoyl, thiocarbamoyl, ureido, thioureido, sulfonamido, hydroxylamino, alkoxyamino, thioalkylamino, hydrazino, etc.; R3 = F, C1, Br, iodo, any group R1; R4 = H, halo, any group R1], their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, Noxides, solvates, dihydro and tetrahydro derivs. and enantiomers, possessing unexpectedly desirable pharmaceutical properties, in particular which are highly active immunosuppressive agents, and as such are useful in the treatment in transplant rejection and/or in the treatment of certain inflammatory diseases. These compds. are also useful in preventing or treating cardiovascular disorders, allergic conditions, disorders of the central nervous system and cell proliferative disorders. Thus, (S)-secbutylpteridine II (prepared in several steps from 2,6-diamino-5-hydroxypyrimidine, 3,4-dimethoxyphenylglyoxal oxime, and (S)-sec-butylamine) showed an IC50 of 0.2 μ mol/L in a mixed lymphocyte suppression assay and an IC50 value of 0.3 μ M in a TNF- α suppression assay.

IT 247913-51-5P 247913-54-8P 247913-56-0P 278799-96-5P 278800-02-5P 278800-20-7P 278800-22-9P 278800-27-4P 278800-29-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and immunosuppressive effects of pteridine derivs.) 247913-51-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

RN 247913-54-8 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 247913-56-0 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278799-96-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-02-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-dipropyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-20-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(2-naphthalenyl)-N4-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-yl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(2-naphthalenyl)-N4-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-2-yl-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-24-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-N4,N4-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-27-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4,6-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-29-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4-propyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 8 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:122801 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:198349

TITLE: Preparation of ornithine derivative ammonium salts for

treating inflammatory diseases

INVENTOR(S): Rosenwald, Lindsay A.; Weiser, Michael; Stein, Jason;

Serbin, Jeff

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005032807	A1	20050210	US 2003-634811	20030806 <
AU 2004264785	A1	20050224	AU 2004-264785	20040223 <

```
CA 2534558
                          Α1
                                20050224
                                            CA 2004-2534558
                                                                   20040223 <--
     WO 2005016350
                          Α1
                                20050224
                                            WO 2004-US5357
                                                                   20040223 <--
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
             TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     EP 1660093
                                20060531
                                           EP 2004-713788
                                                                   20040223 <--
                          Α1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     JP 2007501227
                          Τ
                                20070125
                                            JP 2006-522537
                                                                   20040223 <--
     KR 2007029101
                          Α
                                20070313
                                            KR 2006-702558
                                                                   20060206 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2003-634811
                                                                A 20030806 <--
                                            WO 2004-US5357
                                                                W
                                                                   20040223
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         CASREACT 142:198349; MARPAT 142:198349
    Entered STN: 11 Feb 2005
GΙ
```

The invention relates to pharmaceutically-active ornithine compds., particularly to pharmaceutically-acceptable ammonium salts of N α -(4-amino-4-deoxypteroyl)-L-ornithine N δ -acyl derivs. I [R2 is H, alk(en)(yn)yl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, Cl, F, OH or CO2H (up to four groups)]. Thus, N α -(4-amino-4-deoxypteroyl)-N δ -hemiphthaloyl- L-ornithine ammonium salt was prepared by a multistep sequence starting with reaction of tetraaminopyrimidine sulfate with L-cysteine HCl salt and dihydroxyacetone dimer. The ammonium salts provided by the invention exhibit chemical stability superior to that of corresponding acidic N δ -acyl derivs. of N α -(4-amino-4-deoxypteroyl)-L-ornithine compds.

IT 945-24-4P 100462-86-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of ornithine derivative ammonium salts for treating inflammatory $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}$

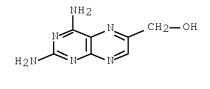
diseases)

RN 945-24-4 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 100462-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



x HCl

L62 ANSWER 9 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:331825 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:350561

TITLE: Immunosuppressive effects of pteridine derivatives and

pharmaceutical compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Waer, Mark Jozef Albert; Herdewijn, Piet Andre Maurits

Maria; Pfleiderer, Wolfgang Eugen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 4 Aza Bioscience NV, Belg.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 46 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 869,468, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAI	ENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D.	ATE	
	2004							0422		us 2	003-	6516	04		2	0030	829 <
US	7276	506			В2		2007	1002									
WO	2000	0391	29		A1		2000	0706		WO 1	999-	EP10.	320		1	9991.	228 <
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
		IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,
		SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW	
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
AU	2004	2678	85		A1		2005	0310		AU 2	004-	2678	85		2	0040	827 <
CA	2534	151			A1		2005	0310		CA 2	004-	2534	151		2	0040	827 <
WO	2005	0210	03		A2		2005	0310		WO 2	004-	BE12	4		2	0040	827 <
WO	2005	0210	03		А3		2005	0609									
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
										DZ,	•	•		•	•		

```
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     EP 1658081
                               20060524
                                           EP 2004-761485
                                                                   20040827 <--
                         Α2
     EP 1658081
                               20071024
                         В1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
                               20060824
                                           US 2006-275601
                                                                   20060118 <--
     US 2006189620
                        A1
     US 2006287314
                         Α1
                               20061221
                                           US 2006-595126
                                                                   20060227 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1998-113989P
                                                               P 19981228 <--
                                            WO 1999-EP10320
                                                              W 19991228 <--
                                                              B2 20011010 <--
                                            US 2001-869468
                                                               A 20030829 <--
                                            US 2003-651604
                                            GB 2004-8955
                                                               A 20040422
                                            WO 2004-BE124
                                                              W 20040827
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:350561

ED Entered STN: 23 Apr 2004

AB This invention relates to a group of trisubstituted and tetrasubstituted pteridine derivs., their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, N-oxides, solvates, dihydro- and tetrahydroderivatives and enantiomers, possessing unexpectedly desirable pharmaceutical properties, in particular which are highly active immunosuppressive agents, and as such are useful in the treatment in transplant rejection and/or in the treatment of certain inflammatory diseases. These compds. are also useful in preventing or treating cardiovascular disorders, allergic conditions, disorders of the central nervous system and cell proliferative disorders. The pteridine derivs. (preparation given) inhibited the mixed lymphocyte reaction and reduced T cell proliferation in the CD3 and CD28 assay.

IT 247913-51-5P 247913-54-8P 247913-56-0P 278799-96-5P 278800-02-5P 278800-27-4P 278800-29-6P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(immunosuppressant pteridine derivs. and compns.)

RN 247913-51-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 247913-54-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-diethyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 247913-56-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-bis(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278799-96-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4-dimethyl-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-02-5 HCAPLUS

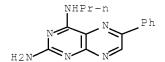
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4,N4-dipropyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-27-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, N4,N4,6-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 278800-29-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl-N4-propyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 10 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:312329 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:327052

TITLE: Pharmaceutically active ornithine derivatives, ammonium salts thereof and methods of making same

INVENTOR(S): Rosowsky, Andre; Bader, Henry; Blumbergs, Peter; Lin,

Ming-Teh

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, USA; Ash Stevens, Inc.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 19 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	PATENT NO. US 2004072837)	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		D.	ATE		
							2004			US 2	003-	4122	79		2	0030	414	<
	6989				В2		2006											
	2004		68				2004											
	2522				A1		2004	1104		CA 2	004-	2522	538		2	0040	223	<
WO	2004	0944	27		A1		2004	1104		WO 2	004-	US53	56		2	0040	223	<
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NΙ,	
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	
		BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	
		ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	
		TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG
EP	1638	973			A1		2006	0329		EP 2	004-	7137	66		2	0040	223	<
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK						
BR	2004	0094	41		A		2006	0418		BR 2	004-	9441			2	0040	223	<
JP	2006	5236	89		Τ		2006	1019		JP 2	006-	5088						
MX	2005	PA10	957		А		2006	0418		MX 2	005-	PA10	957		2	0051	012	<
	2005						2006									0051		
	2005				А		2007			IN 2						0051	114	<
US	2006	0795			A1		2006	0413		US 2	005-	2861	26		2	0051	122	<
	2007						2007			US 2						0060		
RIORIT										US 2								
				- •						US 2					A 2			
										WO 2						0040		•
						US 2					A1 2							
THER SO	OLIBCE	(S) ·			MARI	⊃д⊤	140•	3270	52	J		2001			2			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:327052

Entered STN: 16 Apr 2004 ED

AΒ The present invention relates to pharmaceutically active ornithine compds., particularly to pharmaceutically acceptable ammonium salts of N δ -acyl derivs. of $N\alpha(4-amino-4-deoxypteroyl)-L-ornithine compds.;$ and methods of treatment and pharmaceutical compns. that utilize or comprise one or more of such ammonium salts. The ammonium salts provided by the invention exhibit superior chemical stability than corresponding acidic N δ -acyl derivs. of N α (4-amino-4deoxypteroyl)-L-ornithine compds. Thus, $N\delta$ -(4-amino-4- deoxypteroyl) $N\delta$ hemiphthaloyl-L-ornithine ammonium salt was prepd by the reaction of $N\delta$ phthaloyl-L-ornithine with ammonium hydroxide solution as a yellow powder (yield = 93%).

945-24-4, 2,4-Diamino-6-hydroxymethylPteridine RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (pharmaceutically active ornithine derivs., ammonium salts thereof and methods of making same)

945-24-4 HCAPLUS RN

6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L62 ANSWER 100 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1985:487712 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:87712

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 103:14085a,14088a

TITLE: 2-(2,4-Diamino-6-pteridinyl) vinylbenzene derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Piper, James R.; Montgomery, John A. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Southern Research Institute, Australia

Pat. Specif. (Aust.), 11 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: ALXXAP

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ AU 541315 В2 AU 1981-73914 19850103 19810807 <--AU 8173914 A 19811112 AU 1981-73914 19810807 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:87712

Entered STN: 22 Sep 1985 ED

GΙ

$$H_{2N}$$
 NH_{2}
 N

AB The title compds. I (R = H, CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, esterified glutamyl) were prepared Thus, bromomethylpteridine II (R1 = Br) was treated with PPh3 to give II (R1 = P+Ph3 Br-) which was converted to the ylide and treated with di-Et 4-formylbenzoyl-L-glutamate to give I [R = CONHCH(CO2Et)CH2CH2CO2Et]. The latter compound was hydrogenated to 10-deazaaminopterin.

IT 50691-66-2P

RN 50691-66-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(2-phenylethenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH2} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{NH2} \\ \text{N} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CH} \\ \text{CH} \\ \text{Ph} \end{array}$$

L62 ANSWER 101 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:209260 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:209260

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:32733a,32736a

TITLE: Ammonia and methane chemical ionization mass spectra

of methotrexate and its amide and ester analogs

AUTHOR(S): Cheung, H. T. Andrew; Tattam, Bruce N.; Antonjuk,

David J.; Boadle, Deborah K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm., Univ. Sydney, Sydney, Australia SOURCE: Biomedical Mass Spectrometry (1985), 12(1),

11-18

CODEN: BMSYAL; ISSN: 0306-042X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 15 Jun 1985

GΙ

AΒ The use of chemical-ionization mass spectrometry for the characterization of analogs of methotrexate (I) [59-05-2] was studied. With CH4 [74-82-8] as reactant gas, abundant [MH]+ ions were generally not produced. However, with NH3, especially in conjunction with thermal desorption from a Pt wire, significant amts. of [MH]+ ions were formed by I the α - [71074-47-0], γ -[64801-56-5] and diamide [62703-30-4] analogs, and a series of α - and γ monoalkylamide derivs. The tert-Bu esters of the various monoamides behaved similarly to the corresponding monoamides, except for the ready loss of isobutylene. Fragment ions from both CH4 and NH3 chemical ionization were formed by cleavages benzylic to the pteridine ring, by bond breakage at the amide bond between the aminobenzoyl and glutamyl moieties, and by fragmentations on both sides of this amide bond. Fragment ions from these processes, in conjunction with further disintegration of the glutamyl moiety, are diagnostic of the structures of the pteridine, amminobenzoyl and glutamyl moieties of the analogs. Examples of application to structural determination are given.

IT 708-74-7

RL: PRP (Properties)

(chemical-ionization mass spectroscopy of, ammonia or methane reactants in)

RN 708-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 102 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:167139 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:167139

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:26301a,26304a

TITLE: Methotrexate analogs. 25. Chemical and biological

studies on the γ -tert-butyl esters of

methotrexate and aminopterin

AUTHOR(S): Rosowsky, Andre; Freisheim, James H.; Bader, Henry;

Forsch, Ronald A.; Susten, Sandra A.; Cucchi, Carol

A.; Frei, Emil, III

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dana-Farber Cancer Inst., Harvard Med. Sch., Boston,

MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1985),

28(5), 660-7

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:167139

ED Entered STN: 18 May 1985

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c} NH2 \\ NH3 \\ NH3 \\ NH4 \\ NH3 \\ NH4 \\ NH5 \\$$

 γ -tert-Bu aminopterin (I; R = R1 = H, R2 = CMe3) (II) was prepared, and new AB routes to the known γ -tert-Bu methotrexate (I; R = Me, R1 = H, R2 = CMe3) (III) were developed. Thus, pteridine IV (R3 = OH) was brominated by Br2/PPh3to give IV (R3 = Br), which was treated in situ with p-H2NC6H4CO2H to give pteroic acid V (R = H), which was formylated to give V (R = CHO). The latter was condensed with H-Glu(OCMe3)-OMe.HCl by ClCO2CH2CHMe2 in DMF containing Et3N to give I (R = CHO, R1 = Me, R2 = CMe3), which was hydrolyzed and then deformylated to give II. II was also prepared by treating IV.HBr (R3 = Br) with p-RNHC6H4CO-Glu(OCMe3)-OR1 (VI, R = R1 = H) in AcNMe2 containing Me2CHNEt2. III was prepared by brominating IV (R3 = OH), treating the resulting IV (R3 = Br) with VI (R = R1 = Me), and hydrolyzing the resulting I (R = R1 Me, R2 = CMe3). The inhibitory effects of II on the activity of dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR) from L1210 murine leukemia cells, the growth of 4210 cells and CEM human leukemic lymphoblasts in suspension culture, and the growth of human squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck in monolayer culture were compared with the effects of III and the parent acids aminopterin (I, R-R2 = H) and methotrexate (I, R = Me, R1 = R2 = H). The activity of II was close to that of III in the DHFR inhibition assay, but II was more potent than III against cells in culture and against L1210 leukemia in mice.

IT 945-24-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and bromination of)

RN 945-24-4 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

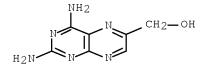
IT 73978-41-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and neutralization of)

RN 73978-41-3 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



HCl

L62 ANSWER 103 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:6425 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:6425

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:1167a,1170a

TITLE: Multi-carbon-13-labeled 2,4-diamino-6-methylpteridine

AUTHOR(S): Cheung, H. T. A.; Gray, P. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm., Univ. Sydney, Sydney, Australia

SOURCE: Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals

(1984), 21(5), 471-83

CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 Jan 1985

AB Samples of 2,4-diamino-6-methylpteridine (I) specifically labeled with 13C at 1 or more positions were prepared and characterized by 1H and 13C NMR. E.g., treatment of 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine with NaHSO3 and Me13COCHC12 under

pH-controlled conditions gave I-6-13C in 41% yield.

IT 93665-13-5P 93665-14-6P 93665-15-7P

93665-16-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 93665-13-5 HCAPLUS

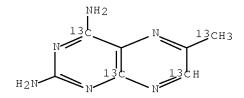
CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine-6-13C, 6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93665-14-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine-2,7-13C2, 6-(methyl-13C)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

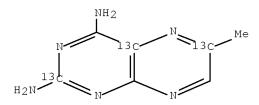
RN 93665-15-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine-4,7,8a-13C3, 6-(methyl-13C)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 93665-16-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine-2,4a,6-13C3, 6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 104 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:630476 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:230476

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:35001a,35004a

TITLE: Synthesis of 2,4-diamino-6-substituted pteridine AUTHOR(S): Shey, Chun Feng; Chen, Chao Tung; Horng, Jhy Ming;

Wang, Cheng Hsia

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Natl. Taiwan Norm. Univ., Taipei, Taiwan

SOURCE: Shida Xuebao (Taipei) (1984), 29, 631-43

CODEN: STHPD8; ISSN: 0583-0249

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Chinese ED Entered STN: 22 Dec 1984

GΙ

AB Title compds. I (R = Cl, OH), intermediates for methotrexate, were prepared Thus, cyclocondensation of 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine with CO(CH2OH)2 gave I (R = OH) whereas cyclocondensation of 2-amino-3-cyano-5- chloromethylpyrazine with guanidine gave I (R = Cl).

IT 945-24-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and chlorination of)

RN 945-24-4 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 105 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:622096 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:222096

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:33507a,33510a

TITLE: Functional group contributions to drug-receptor

interactions

AUTHOR(S): Andrews, P. R.; Craik, D. J.; Martin, J. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Victorian Coll. Pharm. Ltd., Parkville, 3052,

Australia

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984),

27(12), 1648-57

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 22 Dec 1984

AB To overcome the difficulties in estimating the potential bond strengths involved in the interaction between a drug and a reasonable matched receptor, 200 drugs and enzyme inhibitors chosen on the basis of their apparent tight binding to their corresponding receptor sites, were used to provide a statistical estimate of the strength of noncovalent bonds associated with each functional groups in an average drug-receptor environment. Values are presented to determine the goodness of fit of a drug to its receptor by comparing the observed binding constant to the average binding energy calculated by summing the intrinsic binding energies of the component groups and then subtracting 2 entropy related terms. Drugs such as diazepam [439-14-5] that match their receptors well have a measured binding energy exceeding the calculated average value, whereas others such as buprenorphine [52485-79-7] who match their receptor less than the average have binding energies less the calculated average value. In addition the binding energies of 3 central

nervous system active drugs and representative amino acids within a polypeptide mol. are also given. General principles for the application of intrinsic binding energies in drug design and structure-activity relations are discussed.

IT 51395-54-1 51583-02-9

RL: PROC (Process)

(binding of, with receptors)

RN 51395-54-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(2-methylpropyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 51583-02-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 106 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:571289 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:171289

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:25911a,25914a

TITLE: Pteridines

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 59076086	A	19840428	JP 1983-172861	19830919 <
JP 05033229	В	19930519		
DK 8304260	A	19840321	DK 1983-4260	19830919 <
AU 8319256	A	19840329	AU 1983-19256	19830919 <
AU 572792	B2	19880519		
EP 108890	A2	19840523	EP 1983-109291	19830919 <
EP 108890	А3	19851002		
EP 108890	B1	19881207		
R: BE, CH, DE	, FR, GE	3, IT, LI,	NL, SE	
ZA 8306957	A	19850424	ZA 1983-6957	19830919 <
CA 1288099	С	19910827	CA 1983-437101	19830920 <
DK 8401591	A	19850113	DK 1984-1591	19840319 <

DK 161326	В	19910624			
DK 161326	С	19911209			
US 4587340	A	19860506	US 1984-620152		19840613 <
US 4701455	A	19871020	US 1985-747671		19850621 <
US 4665182	A	19870512	US 1985-799285		19851119 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1982-26688	А	19820920 <
			GB 1983-18833	А	19830712 <
			US 1983-533785	A1	19830919 <
			US 1983-533786	А	19830919 <

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 101:171289

ED Entered STN: 10 Nov 1984

GΙ

The title compds. I [R,R1 = H, (substituted) alkyl; R2,R3 = H, alkyl] were prepared Thus, 2,4-diamino-6-(methoxymethyl)pteridine, obtained via reaction of 2-amino-3-cyano-5-(methoxymethyl)pyrazine with formamidine, was hydrolyzed in 1 N NOH at 70° for 3 h to give 83% 2-amino-6-(methoxymethyl)-4(3H)-pteridine, hydrogenation of which gave 85% I (R = MeOCH2, R1-R3 = H). The antidepressant, antihypotensive, and anti-Parkinsonism activities of I were measured by their effects on various enzymes.

IT 40110-13-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and hydrazolysis of)

RN 40110-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(methoxymethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 92530-52-4P

RN 92530-52-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-(butoxymethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 107 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:590715 HCAPLUS $\underline{\text{Full-text}}$

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:190715

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:29291a,29294a

TITLE: Photosensitization by methotrexate photoproducts AUTHOR(S): Chahidi, C.; Morliere, P.; Aubailly, M.; Dubertret,

L.; Santus, R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Phys. Chim. Adapt. Biol., Mus. Natl. Hist. Nat.,

Paris, 75231, Fr.

SOURCE: Photochemistry and Photobiology (1983),

38(3), 317-22

CODEN: PHCBAP; ISSN: 0031-8655

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GΙ

AB Photoproducts induced upon excitation of methotrexate (I) by UV light have been separated by ion-exchange chromatog. They include 2,4-diamino-6-pteridinecarboxylic acid, 2,4-diamino-6-pteridinecarboxaldehyde, and other unidentified pteridine derivs. The same photoproducts can be also formed upon photodynamic reaction using hematoporphyrin as photosensitizer. In O-saturated aqueous solns. (pH.apprx.7), I photoproducts sensitize the oxidation of histidine and tryptophan by UV light by a process involving singlet O. In aqueous solns. containing albumin or in human serum, the same photoproducts are formed from free I but not from albumin-bound I. In the latter case, the results may suggest that I covalently binds to albumin upon excitation with UV light either in the absence or in presence of O. These results could explain the photosensitization accompanying cancer chemotherapy with high dose I and also the synergistic effects of psoralen + UVA + low dose I in psoriasis therapy.

IT 716-74-5 4261-17-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

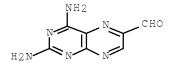
(as methotrexate photoproduct, photosensitization by)

RN 716-74-5 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinecarboxylic acid, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 4261-17-0 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinecarboxaldehyde, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 108 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:454148 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:54148

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:8473a,8476a

TITLE: Separation of triphenylphosphine oxide from

methotrexate ester and purification of this ester

INVENTOR(S): Ellard, James A.; Webster, James A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Dept. of Health and Human Services, USA

SOURCE: U. S. Pat. Appl., 10 pp. Avail. NTIS Order No.

PAT-APPL-6-329 869

CODEN: XAXXAV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		AP.	PLICATION NO.	DATE	
US 329869	A0	19830318	US	1981-329869	19811211 <	
US 4421913	A	19831220				
US 143129	A0	19810327	US	1980-143129	19800423 <	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	1980-143129	19800423 <	
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASRE	ACT 99:54148				

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB The Ph3PO generated by hydrolysis of the protective groups in the synthesis of methotrexate was separated from the reaction mixture by extraction with toluene or BTX-type solvents. Also, the methotrexate ester was purified by a procedure which involved filtering an acidic EtOH solution of the ester.

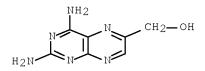
IT 76145-91-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with di-Et [(methylamino)benzoyl]glutamine)

RN 76145-91-0 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinemethanol, 2,4-diamino-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



●x HBr

L62 ANSWER 109 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:224048 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:224048

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 98:33931a,33934a

TITLE: Electrochemistry of methotrexate. Part I.

Characteristics of reduction

AUTHOR(S): Gurira, R. C.; Bowers, L. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Lab. Med. Pathol., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis,

MN, 55455, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Electroanalytical Chemistry and Interfacial

Electrochemistry (1983), 146(1), 109-22

CODEN: JEIEBC; ISSN: 0022-0728

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

The electrochem. reduction of methotrexate (MTX) [59-05-2] was studied in the pH range of 2 to 11. Methotrexate exhibits 3 two-electron/two-proton reduction steps in neutral and acidic media. Based on the results of cyclic voltammetry and high performance liquid chromatog. anal. of the products formed in controlled potential electrolysis, the 1st reduction produces 5,8-dihydro-MTX [86011-02-1] which undergoes either a heretofore unreported proton-dependent cleavage or proton-dependent tautomerization to 7,8-dihydro-MTX [14009-31-5]. The rate constant for the tautomerization was pH dependent and varied from 0.41 s-1 to 0.019 s-1 in the pH range of 3.5 to 7.6. The 2nd reduction cleaves the C(9)-N(10) bond of the 7,8--dihydro-MTX. The final reduction produces a 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro derivative of the substituted pteridine. In alkaline media, a single two-electron/two- proton reduction is observed due to the very slow tautomerization process required to produce the reactant for subsequent redns.

IT 708-74-7P

RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (formation of, in electrochem. reduction of methotrexate)

RN 708-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\underset{\text{H2N}}{\overset{\text{NH2}}{\bigvee}} \underset{\text{N}}{\overset{\text{NH2}}{\bigvee}} \overset{\text{Me}}{\bigvee}$$

L62 ANSWER 110 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:616120 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:216120

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 97:36277a,36280a

TITLE: Reactions of tetraaminopyrimidine with 1-arylsulfonyl-4-methylimidazolin-2-ones

AUTHOR(S): Zav'yalov, S. I.; Zavozin, A. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Khim. im. Zelinskogo, Moscow, USSR

SOURCE: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya (

1982), (8), 1910-13

CODEN: IASKA6; ISSN: 0002-3353

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 97:216120

Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GΙ

Cyclocondensation of 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine with I (R = 4-MeOC6H4, 4-AΒ FC6H4, 2,5-Cl2C6H3, 2,5-Br2C6H3, 4-BrC6H4, 4-O2NC6H4) yields 6-methyl-2,4diaminopteridine of the aryl group contains an electron donating substituent and 7-methyl-2,4-diaminopteridine when the substituent is an electronaccepting group.

708-74-7P ΤT

> RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (formation of, in cyclocondensation of (arylsulfonyl)methylimidazolinon es with tetraaminopyrimidine)

708-74-7 HCAPLUS RN

2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$\underset{\text{H2N}}{\overset{\text{NH2}}{\longrightarrow}}\underset{\text{N}}{\overset{\text{NH2}}{\longrightarrow}}\underset{\text{N}}{\overset{\text{Me}}{\longrightarrow}}$$

L62 ANSWER 205 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1955:8559 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 49:8559

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 49:1825i,1826a-e

TITLE: 2,4-Diaminopteridine aldehydes

INVENTOR(S): Petering, Harold G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Upjohn Co.
DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ______ 19540126 US 1950-175476 US 2667484 19500722 <--

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AΒ Oxidation with Pb(OAc)4 or HIO4 of 2,4-diamino-6 (and 7)-(polyhydroxyalkyl) pteridines gave the corresponding formyl derivs. Thus, to 2,4-diamino-6-(tetrahydroxybutyl)pteridine (I) 1.41 g. and 25% aqueous HOAc 75 ml. was added Pb304 10.3 g. portionwise over a period of 0.5 hr., the mixture allowed to stand 20 min. (during which time the temperature rose to $40\,^{\circ}$ and all the Pb304 had gone into solution), treated with activated C 200 mg., stirred, allowed to stand 15 min., filtered, the filtrate treated with (NH4)2SO4 6 g. in H2O 15 ml., the precipitate of PbSO4 filtered, and the filtrate divided into 2 portions. One portion was extracted twice with Et20 250 ml., and the yellow precipitate formed in the cooled aqueous layer collected, washed with EtOH, then Me2CO and Et2O, giving 70 mg. 2,4-diamino-6formylpteridine (II), absorption maximum in 0.1N NaOH at 262 and 370 m μ , min. at 315 mm. The pH of the 2nd portion adjusted to 5.0 with Na2CO3 yielded 65 mq. II which was washed as above. It was possible to isolate by standard procedures 180 mg. II phenylhydrazone from the combined mother liquors of both portions. Also reported are the following derivs. of II (ultraviolet maximum and min. as mu in parentheses): thiosemicarbazone (265, 340, and 405; 245, 305, and 370); oxime (262, and 382; 342 and 240, point of inflection about 305); also 2,4-diamino-7-formylpteridine (258 and 370; 236 and 310). I was prepared as follows: H2O 13 ml. and then HOAc 1 ml. and 85% N2- H4.H2O 0.6 ml. were added in that order to a dry mixture of 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine-2HCl 1.065 g., NaHCO3 0.85 g., and L-sorbose 1.8 g., the pH adjusted from about 7.0to 5-6 with glacial HOAc (about 0.5 ml.), the mixture heated 2 hrs. on a H2O bath at 95-100°, cooled 16 hrs. at 5°, and the brown precipitate collected, washed with EtOH, Me2CO, and Et2O, and dried, yielding 0.67 g. I; diboric acid complex. Similarly prepared were the following 2,4-diaminopteridines: 6trihydroxypropyl, 7-tetrahydroxybutyl, maximum in 0.1N NaOH, 235 and 310 m μ , min. 255 and 365 m μ ; in 0.1N HCl, maximum at 240, 285, and 335 m μ , and 7trihydroxypropyl. The aldehydes are valuable as intermediates in the synthesis of folic acid antagonists and related compds. The position of the formyl group was determined by an empirical spectral method. Cf. C.A. 46,

IT 4261-17-0, 6-Pteridinecarboxaldehyde, 2,4-diamino-(and derivs.)

RN 4261-17-0 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinecarboxaldehyde, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 36093-91-1P, 6-Pteridinebutyric acid, $2,4-diamino-\alpha,\beta,\gamma-trihydroxy-859055-16-6P$, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-(1,2,3-trihydroxypropyl)-833310-60-9P, 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)-, L-xylo-911667-16-8P, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-L-xylo-tetrahydroxybutyl-RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) (preparation of) <math>36093-91-1 HCAPLUS 6-Pteridinebutanoic acid, $2,4-diamino-\alpha,\beta,\gamma-trihydroxy-(CA INDEX NAME)$

RN 859055-16-6 HCAPLUS CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

$$NH_2$$
 NH_2 NH_2

RN 883310-60-9 HCAPLUS CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)-, L-xylo- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{NH2} & \text{OH} & \text{OH} \\ & \text{NH2} & \text{NH2} & \text{OH} \\ & \text{H2N} & \text{NH2} & \text{OH} \end{array}$$

RN 911667-16-8 HCAPLUS CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

L62 ANSWER 206 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1954:77767 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 48:77767
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 48:13732e-g

TITLE: Isolation of 2,4-diaminopteridines

INVENTOR(S): Schmitt, John A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Upjohn Co.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

The yields in the isolation of 2,4-diaminopteridines from aqueous solns. are greatly increased by the use of boric acid (I) in the presence of sulfate ion. To a dry mixture containing 530 mg. 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyridine-HCl (II), 900 mg. L-sorbose (III), 680 mg. AcONa.3H2O (IV), and 300 mg. I is added 0.3 ml. of 85% N2H4.3H2O (V) and 0.7 ml. glacial AcOH in 6.5 ml. H2O, the mixture warmed about 2 hrs. at 70°, the small amount of solid filtered off, and the pH adjusted to about 7 with NH4OH, the solution cooled 16 hrs. at about 5°, then warmed to room temperature, treated with 300 mg. I and 660 mg. (NH4)2SO4 (VI), cooled and the precipitated solid collected, washed with H2O, Me2CO, and ether, and dried at 60° in vacuo to give 430 mg. of the boric acid complex of 2,4-diamino-6-(tetrahydroxybutyl)pteridine (VII). When I is used in the absence of sulfate ion with the same amts. of reactants, only 50 mg. VII is obtained. If I is omitted, no pteridine is isolated.

IT 36093-90-0P, 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)-36093-91-1P, 6-Pteridinebutyric acid, 2,4-diamino-

 α , β , γ -trihydroxy- 854462-87-6P,

1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)-, compound with boric acid RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 36093-90-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 36093-91-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinebutanoic acid, 2,4-diamino- α , β , γ -trihydroxy-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 854462-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)-, compd. with boric acid (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 36093-90-0 CMF C10 H14 N6 O4

CM 2

CRN 10043-35-3 CMF B H3 O3

L62 ANSWER 207 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1954:60630 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 48:60630
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 48:10787e-i

TITLE: 6-(Phenoxymethyl)pteridines

INVENTOR(S): Weisblat, David I.; Magerlein, Barney J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Upjohn Co.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2656356		19531020	US 1951-212668	19510224 <

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Compds. having the general formula are described where each Z can be H, HO, HS, H2N, halogen, or alkyl, and Y can be H, O2N, H2N, halogen, alkyl, HO, RO, SO3H, CO2H, and esters or amides of the SO3H and CO2H groups. These compds. decompose above 300° and are best characterized by ultraviolet absorption spectra. They are useful as folic acid antagonists and differ in that their action is reversed, usually quantitatively, by administration of more folic acid; they are also useful as antiviral agents and as enzyme inhibitors. Their synthesis is best accomplished by interaction of YC6H4OCH2COCH(OR)2, where Y is as before, in glacial HOAc and an aqueous solution of freshly prepared 4,5-diaminopyrimidine in an inert atmospheric in the dark for 30-120 min. with heating. Thus, 0.8 g. p-(EtO)2CHCOCH2OC6H4CO2Et (preparation given) in 14.8 ml. glacial HOAc was added to a mixture of 0.42 g. NaOAc and 0.55 g.

2,4,5-triamino-6- hydroxypyrimidine-2HCl, the mixture stirred 30 min. at room temperature in the dark under N, heated to $118-20^{\circ}$, stirred 20 min. longer, cooled to 0° , the dark precipitate collected, washed twice with H2O and once with Me2CO, and dried gave 0.58 g. Et 4-(2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-pteridyl) methoxybenzoate [2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-(p-carbethoxyphenoxymethyl)pteridine] (I). I was converted to the free acid exhibiting an ultraviolet absorption spectrum with peaks at 275 and 363 m μ , E1%1cm. 1.114 and 267, resp. Also described are the following compds. in which R = p-(2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-pteridylmethoxy)benzoyl: L-EtO2CCH(NHR)CH2CH2CO2Et, showing peaks at 258 and 366 m μ , E1%1cm. 642.5 and 177.5, resp.; L-HO2CCH(NHR)CH2CH2CO2H (oxopterin-G), having peaks at 258 and 364 m μ , E1%1cm. 855 and 185, resp.; and L-HO2CCH(NHR')CH2CH2CO2H (R' = p-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridylmethoxy)benzoyl), with peaks at 259 and 264 m μ , E1%1cm. of 599 and 166, resp. (in 0.1N NaOH)

IT 57963-55-0P, Glutamic acid, N-[p-[(2,4-diamino-6-

pteridyl)methoxy]benzoyl]-, L-

RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 57963-55-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[(2,4-diamino-6-pteridinyl)methoxy]benzoyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L62 ANSWER 208 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1953:41301 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 47:41301
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 47:6953d-q

TITLE: Cancerocidal substances. I. Effect of pterins on the

Yoshida sarcoma

AUTHOR(S): Sakurai, Yoshio; Yoshino, Keishi SOURCE: Yakugaku Zasshi (1952), 72, 1294-6 CODEN: YKKZAJ; ISSN: 0031-6903

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

p-AcNHC6H4Ac is oxidized with SeO2 to p-AcNHC6H4-COCH(OH)2 (I); I.NaHSO3 gives a phenylosazone, m. 217°. 2,4,5,6-Tetraaminopyrimidine (1 g.) and 10 g. Na2SO3 in 50 ml. water poured into 20 ml. water containing 1 g. NaHSO3 and 2 g. I.NaHSO3, let stand overnight, the precipitate (0.45 g.) filtered, taken up in 10% AcOH, the solution filtered, the filtrate adjusted to pH 7, and the precipitate filtered and recrystd., yield 2,4-diamino-6-(p-acetamidophenyl)pteridine (II), which gives a neg. diazo reaction for primary amines. II (1 g.) heated 3 hrs. on a steam bath with 200 ml. 15% HCl, the solution filtered, the filtrate adjusted to pH 7 with NH4OH, and the precipitate filtered and recrystd., yields the 6-(p-H2-NC6H4) analog of II giving a red, diazo reaction with 2-naphthol. I and 4-hydroxy-2,5,6-

triaminopyrimidine give 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-phenylpteridine, showing yellow, a green fluorescence in aqueous solution I and 2,4,5,6- tetraaminopyrimidine give 2,4-diamino-6-phenylpteridine, yellow, forming a fluorescent aqueous solution Condensation of 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine and glucose in the presence of N2H4.H2O give 2,4-diamino-6-(D-arabo- tetrahydroxybutyl)pteridine, yellow. These as well as 2,4-diamino-4-hydroxy- and 2-amino-4-hydroxypteridine caused severe damage to the nuclei of tumor cells on intraperitoneal injection of 1 mg./kg. rat; other simpler pteridines showed no remarkable effect on animals within the dosage of 10-100 mg./kg.

IT 1026-36-4P, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-phenyl- 883310-61-0P

, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-D-arabo-tetrahydroxybutyl-

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 1026-36-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 883310-61-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2,3,4-Butanetetrol, 1-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridyl)-, D-arabo- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L62 ANSWER 209 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1953:34974 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 47:34974
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 47:5947b-d

TITLE: Pteridines. V. The mechanism of the formation of folic

acid

AUTHOR(S): Sato, Hideo; Kimura, Ken CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Technol., Tokyo

SOURCE: Nippon Kagaku Zasshi (1951), 72, 953-5

CODEN: NPKZAZ; ISSN: 0369-5387

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AB A crude product in the synthesis of folic acid (I) from 2,4,5-triamino-6-hydroxypyrimidine (II), CH2BrCHBrCHO (III), and N-(p-aminobenzoyl)-glutamic acid (IV), treated in dilute NaOH, with AcOH to pH 6-7 yielded a yellowish precipitate, 0.2 g. of which, purified twice by dissolving in alkali and precipitating with AcOH at pH 6.5, gave 50 mg. of a compound, C7H7ON5,

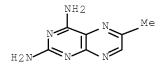
identified as 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-methylpteridine by oxidation to the corresponding 6-carboxylic acid with KMnO4. Similarly, a by-product precipitated at pH 4-5.5 in the synthesis with (CH2Br)2CO instead of III was found to be the 7-Me isomer. III (1 g.) in 50 cc. alc. was added dropwise to 1 g. II and 1 g. IV in 100 cc. H2O, with the pH maintained at 4.0 by adding AcOH; after 15 min. the precipitate was collected, repeatedly washed with H2O and alc. One half of the precipitate (which contained Br) was stirred 8 hrs. with 1 g. IV in 50 cc. H2O, and another half with 50 cc. H2O, both at pH 4 to give 46 and 13 mg., resp. These findings indicate that III reacts first with II to give 2,4-diamino-5-(1-formy1-2- bromoethylamino)-6-hydroxypteridine which, in turn, condenses slowly with IV to yield I.

IT 708-74-7P, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-methyl-

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 708-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 210 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1953:34973 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 47:34973

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 47:5946i,5947a-b

TITLE: Pteridines. IV. The formation of 6- or 7-isomers of

pteridines

AUTHOR(S): Sato, Hideo; Nakajima, Michiaki; Tanaka, Hiroshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Technol., Tokyo

SOURCE: Nippon Kagaku Zasshi (1951), 72, 868-70

CODEN: NPKZAZ; ISSN: 0369-5387

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AB IV (1.41 g.) in 75 cc. H2O and 1.26 g. AcCHCl2 in MeOH were refluxed, with the pH kept at 1.6, to yield 250 mg. 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-methylpteridine (X), identified by oxidizing with KMnO4 in aqueous alkali to the corresponding acid and comparing its absorption maximum (240 and 310 m μ) with those of an authentic specimen. At pH 7 the product was 100 mg. of 7-Me isomer (XI) (the absorption maximum of the corresponding acid, 377 m μ). IV and II gave X at pH 4 and, both X and XI at pH 1.6. IV and (CH2Br)2CO gave both X and XI at pH 4 and X at pH 1.6. Similarly, I with II at pH 8 gave 2,4-diamino-6-methylpteridine.

IT 708-74-7P, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-methyl-

RN 708-74-7 HCAPLUS CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 211 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1953:6363 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 47:6363

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 47:1136e-i,1137a-h

TITLE: Use of nitro- and halo-ketones in the synthesis of

pteridines, including pteroic acid, from

2,4,5-triamino-6 hydroxypyrimidine

AUTHOR(S): King, F. E.; Spensley, P. C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Oxford Univ., UK

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society (1952)

2144-52

CODEN: JCSOA9; ISSN: 0368-1769

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 47:6363

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AΒ

cf. C.A. 44, 1116a. The bisulfite compound (I) from 2,4,5-triamino-6hydroxypyrimidine (II) (9 g.) in 35 cc. hot H2O, treated with 15 cc. concentrated HCl, gives 4.9 g. of the di-HCl salt (III), m. above 300°. I (6 g.) in 25 cc. hot H2O, treated with 3 g. O2NCH2CH: NONa and warmed 30 min. at 50°, gives 61% 2(or 4)-5-diamino-4(or 2)-hydroxy-6-(2- nitroethylideneamino)pyrimidine (IIIA), with 1 mol. H2O, orange-brown, m. above 300°; warm 2 N H2SO4 gives the sulfate of II; reduction of IIIA gives intractable products, but the sky-blue fluorescence of the dilute alkaline solns. indicates the partial formation of the expected 2-amino-4-hydroxypteridine. Tetraminopyrimidine bisulfite (IV) gives no precipitate with O2NCH2CH:NOH. III (0.5 g.) and 1 g. AcONa in 5 cc. H2O, treated with 0.4 g. BzCH2NO2 in 20 $\,$ cc. warm 50% aqueous EtOH, gives 70% 2,5-diamino-6-hydroxy-4-(2-nitro-1phenylethylidene-amino)pyrimidine (V), with 1 mol. H2O, orange, m. above 300°. V (1.1 q.) in 25 cc. boiling 25% EtOH, treated during 1 hr. with 5 q. Na2S2O4 and boiled an addnl. hr., gives 2-amino-4-hydroxy-7-phenylpteridine (VI) (C.A. numbering), with 1 mol. H2O, buff, m. above 360°. I (2 g.)in 75 cc. hot 50% aqueous EtOH, treated with 1.6 g. BzCH2NO2 in 50% EtOH and refluxed 2 hrs., give 26% VI. III (0.9 g.) in 9 cc. H2O, treated with 1.8 g. AcONa and 0.6 g. BzCHO in 5 cc. 50% aqueous EtOH, gives 97% VI; sulfate, C12H9ON5.0.5H2SO4.H2O, yellow, m. above 300°; Na salt, with 1 mol. H2O, yellow, m. above 300°, intense sky-blue fluorescence in H2O. VI is largely unchanged on heating 15 min. at 200°. VI (5 g.) in 50 cc. 4 N NaOH, heated 20 hrs. at 170°, gives 20% of the Na salt (VII), decomps. about 295°, of 2-amino-6-phenylpyrazine-3carboxylic acid, pale yellow, m. 225° (decomposition), purple-blue fluorescence; the filtrate from VII, on acidification to pH 2, gives 50% 2hydroxy-6-phenyl-pyrazine-3-carboxylic acid, buff, m. 208-9° (decomposition); Et ester, pale yellow, m. 112°. VII (0.8 g.) in 12 cc. 80% H2SO4, heated 15 min. at 200°, yields 70% 2-amino-6-phenyl- pyrazine, m. 125-6° (cf. Weijlard, et al., C.A, 39, 30012). III and (ClCH2)2CO give 53% 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6methyl-pteridine. III (4.5 g.) in 80 cc. 50% aqueous EtOH, treated with 13.5 q. AcONa and 3.8 g BzCHCl2 and refluxed 1.5 hrs., gives 60% 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6-phenylpteridine (VIII), with 1 mol. H2O, deep orange, m. above 360°; sulfate, with 1 mol. H2O, pale yellow, m. above 360° . VIII (3.1 g.) and 32 cc. 4 N NaOH, heated 24 hrs. at 170°, give 57% 2-hydroxy-5-phenyl-3pyrazinecarboxylic acid, bright yellow needles or yellow prisms, m. 200°

(decomposition), brilliant pale green fluorescence; Et ester, pale yellow, m. $158-9^{\circ}$. The tri-HCl salt from IV (1 g.), 2.8 g. AcONa, and 0.75 g. BzCHCl2 in 10 cc. 50% EtOH, refluxed 6 hrs., give the sulfate, with 1 mol. H2O, yellow, m. above 300°, of 2,4-diamino-6- phenylpteridine, with 0.5 mol. H2O, m. 285-6°, brilliant light blue-green fluorescence. IV (2 g.) and 13 g. BzCHO in 80 cc. 50% EtOH, refluxed 15 min., give the sulfate, with 1 mol. H2O, pale yellow, m. above 300°, of 2,4-diamino-7-phenylpteridine, pale yellow, m. 290- 1° (decomposition); a pure compound was not obtained from IV or the tri-HCl salt with BzCH2NO2 and Na2S2O4. p-H2NC6H4CO2H and HOCNa:C(NO2)CHO (IX) in H2O give an immediate precipitate of p-(3-hydroxy-2- nitroallylideneamino)benzoic acid (X), yellow, m. 234° (decomposition). III (0.17 g.) and 0.4 g. AcONa in 5 cc. H2O, added to X in hot 50% EtOH and heated to boiling, give 0.16 g. 2,5diamino-6-hydroxy-4-(3-hydroxy-2- nitroallylideneamino)pyrimidine (XI), orange-yellow, m. 360°; 0.52 g. XI results from 8.6 g. III, 0.8 g. AcONa, and 0.4 g. IX in H2O. p-H2NC6H4CO2Et similarly gives the Et ester (XII) of X, yellow, m. 158-9°; 0.88 g. XII and 0.36 g. o-C6H4(NH2)2 in 20 cc. EtOH, refluxed 1 hr., give 81% 6-nitro-2,3-benzo-1,4-diazepine, deep red, m. 360°, and 61% p-H2NC6H4CO2Et; the same compound (71%) results from o-C6H4(NH2)2 and IX. OHCCHBrCHBrCO2H (XIII) (0.65 g.), 1.1 g. III, and 0.7 g. AcONa in H2O immediately give 0.85 g. 2(or 4), 5-diamino-4(or 2)-(2, 3-dibromo-3carboxyallylideneamino)-6-hydroxypyrimidine, bright yellow, m. above 360°. p-H2NC6H4C02Et (1.65 g.) and 2.6 g. XIII in 10 cc. EtOH, refluxed 20 min., diluted with 300 cc. H2O, and refluxed 1 hr. with 0.84 g. NaHCO3, give 20% Et p-(2-bromo-3- hydroxyallylideneamino)benzoate (XIV), very pale yellow, m. 159-60°; with III this yields a yellow-orange compound (not identified). Cl2CHCO2H (34 cc.) and 37 cc. PBr3, heated 1 hr. at 100° and then to 190°, give 81% dichloroacetyl bromide (XV), b. 125-9°. (C1CH2)2CO (20 cc.), gradually treated with 10 cc. Br on the steam bath, gives 67% 3-bromo-1, 1dichloroacetone (XVI), b25 92-3°, m. 30-1° (semicarbazone, m. 131°); 20 g XV in ether, added (15 min.) to 8.2 g. CH2N2 in ether at room temperature, gives 23% XVI. AccCl2CO2Et (75 g.) at 50°, treated dropwise with 20 cc. Br and heated 15 min. at 90°, gives 45% Et γ -bromo- α , α -dichloroacetoacetate (XVII), b11 127°; XVII also results (43%) by saturating BrCH2COCH2CO2Et with C1 (cooling in H2O); refluxed with H2O, XVII gives some XVI. XVI (2.06 g.), 1.82 g. p-H2NC6H4C02Et, and 1.26 g. NaHCO3 in 8 cc. 90% EtOH, shaken 3 days, treated with 2.1 g. III and 5.3 g. AcONa in 40 cc. 50% EtOH, and the precipitate (0.9 g.) treated 2-3 hrs. (N atmospheric) with 40 cc. 2 N NaOH, give 0.4 g. of a gelatinous product having 10% pteroic acid (XVIII) activity for Streptococcus faecalis. p-H2NC6H4CO2H (1 g.), 1.5 g. III, and 6 g. AcOH in 50 cc. EtOH and 150 cc. H2O, treated with 1.5 g. XVI, give 0.3 g. product with 17% XVIII activity. p-H2NC6H4CO2H (1 q.) and 1.5 q. III in 100 cc. EtOH and 150 cc. H2O, treated with 1.5 g. XVI in 50 cc. EtOH, the pH adjusted to 4-4.3 with NaOH and stirred with a stream of N, give (1 hr.) 0.4 g. XVIII (17% activity), 0.35 g. (5 hrs.) (36% activity), and 0.07 g. (36 hrs.) (50% activity); over-all yield 9.9%. III (1.5 g.) and 1.9 g. p-aminobenzoyl-Lglutamic acid in 200 cc. 25% EtOH, treated with 1.5 g. XVI (pH at 3.25-3.55) and stirred with N, give 14% pteroylglutamic acid (0.42 g. after 0.5 hr. with 34% activity and 0.54 g. after 18 hrs. with 57% activity).

IT 1026-36-4P, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-phenyl-RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 1026-36-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 212 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:29799 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:29799

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:5094h-i,5095a

TITLE: 2,4-Diamino-6-(3-carboxy-1,2,3-

trihydroxypropyl)pteridine

INVENTOR(S): Petering, Harold G.; Schmitt, John A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Upjohn Co.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2568462		19510919	US 1950-175478	19500722 /

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

Condensation in an acid solution (pH 4.5-5.0) of 2,4,5,6-tetraaminopyrimidine (I) and 5-ketogluconic acid (II) in the presence of N2H4 (III) by heating on a steam bath yields 2,4-diamino-6-(3-carboxy-1,2,3- trihydroxypropyl)pteridine (IV). E.g., I.HCl 1.065, NaOAc.3H2O 1.36, II 2.36 (as the Ca salt), and boric acid 0.6 g. are treated with glacial HOAc 1.4, 85% III 0.6, and H2O 10 mL., and the resulting solution heated 45 min. at 85-95° (the pH of this solution is 4.5-5.0); the precipitate formed on cooling is washed with H2O twice, and once each with EtOH and Et2O, giving 1.74 g. IV, absorption maximum in 0.1 N NaOH at 257 and 370 m μ , min. at 238 and 322 m μ , E 257 m μ /370 m μ , ratio 3.1. IV is useful as an intermediate, particularly for 2,4-diamino-6-formylpteridine.

IT 36093-91-1P, 6-Pteridinebutyric acid, 2,4-diamino-

 α , β , γ -trihydroxy-

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 36093-91-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinebutanoic acid, 2,4-diamino- α , β , γ -trihydroxy-(CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 213 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:29798 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:29798

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:5094d-h

TITLE: 2,4-Diaminopteridines

INVENTOR(S): Seeger, Doris R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2568597		19510918	US	<

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

2,4,5,6-Tetraaminopyrimidine (I) with CH2XCHXCHO and a primary aromatic amine, AΒ in H2O as a solvent, at $0-100^{\circ}$ and pH 1.5-6 gives 2,4-diaminopteridines. An unexplained oxidation during the reaction gives rise to the pteridine rather than dehydropterin; better results are obtained when an oxidizing agent of -0.49 to -1.42 v. potential is added. E.g., I sulfate 2.7, and BaCl2.2H2O 2.4 are slurried 10 min. with H2O 60 at 60°, cooled to 45°, p-aminobenzoylglutamic acid 1.33 added, the pH adjusted to 3 with caustic, CH2BrCHBrCHO 2.2 in HOAc, iodine 1.3, and KI 25 in H2O 8 added, with the pH kept at 3, the mixture stirred 30 min., the slurry treated after cooling with Hyflo 1, filtered, washed with H2O and alc., a sample of crude product 2 slurried with lime 4 and $\rm H2O~2000~15~min.~at~60-70^{\circ},~filtered,~the~filtrate~treated~with~Hyflo~and~20%$ ZnCl2 solution to pH 10.6, clarified, heated at 80°, more ZnCl2 solution added to pH 6.8, and the Zn salt filtered with Hyflo; after treatments with lime and then MgCO3 1.1 parts N-[p-(2,4-diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazin-6-ylmethylamino)benzoyl] glutamic acid of 74.3% purity is obtained. In 0.1 N NaOH, its UV absorption maximum are at 260, 284, and 370 m μ , and min. at 239, 271, and 333 m μ . Also prepared are N-[p-(2,4-diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazin-6-ylmethylamino)benzoyl]- γ-qlutamyl-γ-qlutamylqlutamic acid; N-[3,5-dibromo-4-(2,4- diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazin-6-yl-methylamino)benzoyl]glutamic acid; N-[p-(2,4-diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazin-6-ylmethylamino)benzoyl]aspartic acid (UV absorption in 0.1 N NaOH, maximum at 260, 282.5, and 370 m μ , min. at 237.5, 270, and 330 m μ ; in 0.1 N HCl, maximum at 242.5 and 290 m μ , min. at 235 and 260 m μ); p-(2,4-diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]pyrazin-6- ylmethylamino)benzoic acid; N-(p-aminobenzov1) alanine, m. 192.5-4° (from 60% alc.); the N-(p-(2,4diaminopyrimido[4,5-b]-pyrazin-6- ylmethylamino)benzoyl] derivs. of alanine, valine, serine, sarcosine, and ϵ -aminocaproic acid. These compds. are useful in exptl. medicine as having remarkable antagonistic activity to pteroylglutamic acid. (Cf. C.A. 44, 5401a, and U.S. 2,443,163).

IT 36093-91-1P, 6-Pteridinebutyric acid, 2,4-diamino-

 α, β, γ -trihydroxy-

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 36093-91-1 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinebutanoic acid, 2,4-diamino- α , β , γ -trihydroxy-(CA INDEX NAME)

L62 ANSWER 214 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1950:736 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 44:736

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 44:161c-i,162a-h

TITLE: Analogs of pteroylglutamic acid. III. 4-Amino

derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Seeger, Doris R.; Cosulich, Donna B.; Smith, James M.,

Jr.; Hultquist, Martin E.

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1949

), 71, 1753-8

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: Unavailable LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001 AΒ cf. C.A. 43, 3424a. 2,4,5,6-Tetraminopyrimidine sulfate-2H2O (I) (27.4 g.), 24.4 g. BaCl2.2H2O, and 500 cc. H2O were heated 10 min. at 60° , cooled to 45° , 13.3 g. N-(p-aminobenzoyl)-L(+)-glutamic acid (II) added, then 5 N NaOH to pH 3, 21.7 g. BrCH2-CHBrCHO in HOAc, and 12.5 g. iodine and 25 g. KI in H2O added simultaneously with aqueous NaOH to maintain a pH of 2.8-3.0, the mixture cooled after 20 more min. at 45° and pH 2.8-3.0, and filtered at pH 4 to give 50-60 g. crude N-{p-[(2, 4-diamino-6-pteridylmethyl) amino] benzoyl}glutamic acid ("aminopterin") (III) (method of Waller, C.A. 42, 8200f). III was also prepared from Br2CHCOCH2Br, I, and II by the method of H. and Dresibach (U.S. 2, 443, 165, C.A. 42, 7944b). Crude III (50 q.), assaying 9-12% (cf. Hutchings, et al., C.A. 41, 6595e), in 2200 cc. H2O and 10 cc. 50% NaOH at 80° was treated with 10 g. CaCl2 in H2O, the filtrate adjusted to pH 10.7 with aqueous ZnCl2, clarified, acidified to pH 4, and filtered, the precipitate in 2500 cc. dilute alkali at 80° cooled to 20°, acidified to pH 4, the filtrate acidified to pH 4, the precipitate decolorized with Darco G-60 as the Mg salt dissolved in 2000 cc. H2O, precipitated at pH 4, and the procedure repeated to give 3.9 g. III of 70-80% purity. Slurrying 3 g. III (79%) with 1.5 g. MgO and 1.5 g. Darco in 150 cc. H2O at 90 $^{\circ}$, cooling the filtrate, and crystallizing 4 times from hot H2O gave yellow needles of C18H18O5N8Mg.3H2O, converted in H2O at pH 4 to the free acid, C19H2OO5N8.H2O. III (0.59 g. 84.7% pure) heated in 20 cc. N NaOH 6 hrs. at 100° under N, cooled, H2O added, and the pH adjusted to 3 gave 0.395 g. pteroylglutamic acid (IV) (65.5% by bioassay and 70% by ultraviolet spectra). Oxidation of 0.5 g. III in 150 cc. N NaOH with excess KMnO4 at 90-5° gave 0.177 g. 2-amino-4-hydroxy-6pteridinecarboxylic acid (V), isolated as from VII below, showing the attachment of the side chain to the pteridine nucleus in the 6-position. Passage of O through 0.59 g. III in 20 cc. N NaOH at 100° 6 hrs. cleaved the CH2 bridge and on acidification gave 0.235 g. mixture of V and the 6-Me analog (VI), judging from the ultraviolet spectra. I (26 g.), 24 g. BaCl2.2H2O, and 700 cc. H2O were heated 10 min. at 60° , 15 g. p-MeNHC6H4CO2H added at 40° and NaOH to pH 3-4, then, at 40° simultaneously during 30 min., 21.6 g. BrCH2CHBrCHO in 21.6 cc. HOAc, 12.5 g. iodine, and 25 g. KI in 100 cc. H2O, and NaOH solution to maintain a pH of 3-4; cooling overnight and filtration with Hyflo-Supercel gave the crude p-[N-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridylmethyl)-Nmethylamino]benzoic acid (VII). Heating half of the VII 40 min. at 60° in 1 1. H2O and 6 g. CaO, chilling the filtrate overnight at pH 3, heating the precipitate 10 min. at 60° in dilute NaOH at pH 11-12, filtration at 20° and pH 7, addition of dilute HCl to pH 3, cooling 16 hrs. at 5°, slurrying the precipitate in 500 cc. $\rm H2O$ with the min. amount of MgO to give a pH of 8.8-9.3at 80° in 15 min., heating 15 min. more with 0.5 g. Darco, and chilling the filtrate at pH 3 (dilute HCl) gave VII of 88% purity (ultraviolet spectra). Repetition of the last step twice gave C15H15N7O2.2H2O, m. 254-5° (decomposition). The [N- (diaminopteridylmethyl)-N-methylamino]benzoyl (VIII) analog of III (A-methopterin) was similarly prepared from I and p-

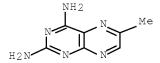
MeNHC6H4CONHCH(CO2H)CH2CO2H as a yellow microcryst. product, 87% pure (ultraviolet spectra), and crystallized from very dilute HCl as C20H22N806.H20, m. 185-204° (decomposition, bath preheated to 160°). No degradation products containing the 2,4-diaminopteridine nucleus were isolated, the 4-NH2 group evidently being readily converted to OH. Thus heating VII in N NaOH at 100° anaerobically 6 hrs. gave the 4-HO analog of 85%purity (ultraviolet spectra). Addition of aqueous KMnO4 to 0.5 g. VII in 166 cc. warm IV NaOH until a green color persisted after 10 min., removal of the color with NaHSO3, cooling of the filtrate at pH 3-4, centrifugation of the precipitate, solution in the min. amount of dilute NaOH, addition of solid NaOH to 5 N concentration, and chilling overnight gave a crystalline Na salt, filtered on Vinyon cloth; decolorization in H2O and addition of dilute HCl to the pale yellow filtrate to pH 3-4 precipitated 185 mg. V of 85% purity. Anaerobic heating of VIII in N NaOH at 100° gave the 4-HO analog of 85% purity (ultraviolet spectra). Addition of 25 cc. com. 30% AcCHO to 27 g. I in 2000 cc. 0.25 N HCl at 40° , then after 30 min., 130 g. of 50% NaOH and chilling gave 62.5% 2,4-diamino-7-methylpteridine (IX). KMnO4 oxidation of IX, as of VIII, acidification with dilute HCl, decolorization of the precipitate in 800 cc. of very dilute NaOH, addition of dilute HCl to pH 3.5-4.0 at 90° , and chilling gave 61% 2-amino-4-hydroxy-7- pteridinecarboxylic acid (X). Solution of 0.5 g. IX in 40 cc. H2O and the min. HCl, dilution to 80 cc. with H2O, addition of 20 cc. 5 N NaOH, then passage of a rapid stream of O at 100° 4 hrs., acidification of the yellow solution, decolorization of the precipitate in dilute NaOH at pH 11-12, and acidification precipitated 0.35 q. 7-Me analog of X. Similar anaerobic conversion was effected in N NaOH and N H2SO4. Heating 2 g. IX in 50 cc. boiling Ac2O, cooling of the red solution, and crystallization from hot EtOH after decolorization gave 0.7 g. 2,4diacetamido-7-methylpteridine (Xa), m. 236-7°. I (26 g.) and 260 g. Na2SO3 in 900 cc. H2O were heated to 60°, cooled to 30°, and 100 cc. containing 22 cc. of 30% AcCHO and 5 g. NaHSO3 added immediately, and the yellow precipitate filtered after 40 min. at room temperature (70.5% crude yield); purification by stirring 5 g. 30 min. in 10% HOAc gave 0.475 g. insol. IX; decolorization of the yellow filtrate, addition of NH4OH to pH 6.4, and chilling 16 hrs. gave 2.2 g. 2, 4-diamino-6-methylpteridine (XI). KMnO4 oxidation of 0.5 g. XI in 166 cc. of boiling N NaOH, concentration of the filtrate at pH 3, 16 hrs.' chilling, solution of the wet centrifuged precipitate in 5 N NaOH, addition of solid NaOH to 5 N concentration, and chilling gave a crystalline di-Na salt which, decolorized in H2O and pptd with HOAc, yielded 190 mg. V. Heating 500 mg. XI with 25 cc. N NaOH under N 6 hrs. at 100° to complete solution, clarifying, and chilling at pH 4, clarifying the precipitate in the min. amount of dilute NaOH, addition of solid NaOH to 5 N concentration, and chilling gave a crystalline Na salt, which, decolorized in H2O and precipitated with HOAc, yielded 400 mg. VI. Boiling Ac2O and 1 g. XI gave 0.165 g. the 2,4-diacetamido-6-methylpteridine, m. 234.5-6.5°, marked m.p. depression with Xa. For III, the inhibition ratio for half-max, inhibition of the growth of Streptococcus faecalis R. is 1.9, 0.7, and 0.4 at pteroylglutamic acid concns. of 0.003, 0.005, and 0.01 $\gamma/10$ cc., resp. Details will be reported elsewhere.

IT 708-74-7P, Pteridine, 2,4-diamino-6-methyl-RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 708-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4-Pteridinediamine, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



L62 ANSWER 215 OF 215 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1947:37525 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 41:37525

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 41:7438i,7439a-b

TITLE: Growth inhibition of bacteria by synthetic pterins. I.

Studies with Streptococcus faecalis, Lactobacillus

casei, and Lactobacillus arabinosus

AUTHOR(S): Daniel, Louise J.; Norris, L. C.; Scott, M. L.;

Heuser, G. F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cornell Univ., Ithaca

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1947), 169,

689-97

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

The following synthetic pterins were used: 2,4-diamino-6,7- dimethylpyrimido-(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-7-methylpyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-6,7-dicarboxypyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-7-carboxypyrimido-(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diamino-6,7- diphenylpyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diaminopyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diaminophenanthro(9,10-e)pyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine, 2,4-diaminoacenaphtho(1,2-e)pyrimido(4,5-b)pyrazine. Certain of these possess high antibacterial activity, not only for S. faecalis and L. casei which require folic acid (I) as an essential nutrient, but also for L. arabinosus, which synthesizes its own I. The substitution of OH for NH2 in the 4- or 2-position destroyed the anti-I activity. Those pterins with 4-NH2 groups varied in anti-I with the nature of the substitution in the 6- and 7-positions.

IT 716-74-5, 6-Pteridinecarboxylic acid, 2,4-diamino-

(growth inhibition of bacteria by)

RN 716-74-5 HCAPLUS

CN 6-Pteridinecarboxylic acid, 2,4-diamino- (CA INDEX NAME)

Search History

L1	1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON WO2003-EP14970/APPS D SCAN SEL RN
L2	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:09:29 ON 27 DEC 2007 19 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (10024-97-2/BI OR 1007-99-4/BI OR 125978-95 -2/BI OR 22150-76-1/BI OR 23826-47-3/BI OR 3218-02-8/BI OR 51471-45-5/BI OR 60-12-8/BI OR 6036-64-2/BI OR 724420-15-9/BI OR 736919-00-9/BI OR 81827-31-8/BI OR 858127-54-5/BI OR 858127-56-7/BI OR 858127-57-8/BI OR 858127-58-9/BI OR 858127-59 -0/BI OR 858127-60-3/BI OR 858127-61-4/BI)
L3	STRUCTURE UPLOADED D
L4 L5	50 SEA SSS SAM L3 3639 SEA SSS FUL L3
L6	FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:12:21 ON 27 DEC 2007 17909 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5
L7 L8	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:53:15 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L7
L9 L10	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:08:17 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L9
L11 L12 L13	
L14	FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:16:38 ON 27 DEC 2007 16541 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
L15 L16	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:12:21 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L15
L17 L18	·
ENTE	RED AT 14:29:57 ON 27 DEC 2007
L19 L20	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:37:31 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L19
L21 L22 L23 L24	FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:51:09 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L21 2697 SEA SSS FUL L21 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND L2

L25	FILE	'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:53:43 ON 27 DEC 2007 16439 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23
L26	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:02:26 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED D
L27		50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L26
	FILE	'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 15:03:21 ON 27 DEC 2007
L28 L29		'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:07:27 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L28
	FILE	'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 15:08:09 ON 27 DEC 2007
L30 L31		'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:10:46 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 50 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L30
L32 L33		'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:22:42 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 8 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L32
L34 L35		184 SEA SUB=L5 SSS FUL L32 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 AND L2
L36 L37		'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:24:46 ON 27 DEC 2007 252 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L34 220 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 AND (PRY<=2003 OR AY<=2003 OR PY<=2003)
L38 L39 L40 L41		4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DOBLHOFER R?/AU 56 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON TEGTMEIER F?/AU 57 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L38 OR L39) 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND L37
		'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 15:26:36 ON 27 DEC 2007
L42 L43 L44 L45	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:30:09 ON 27 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 0 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L42 0 SEA SSS SAM L42 7 SEA SUB=L5 SSS FUL L42
L46 L47	FILE	'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:31:12 ON 27 DEC 2007 9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND (PRY<=2003 OR AY<=2003 OR PY<=2003)
L48		2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND L47
L49 L50 L51 L52	FILE	'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:32:29 ON 27 DEC 2007 0 SEA SSS SAM L42 1 SEA SSS FUL L42 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L50/DCR 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND L51
L53 L54	FILE	'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 15:33:24 ON 27 DEC 2007 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L53 AND BABSAN/FA

L55		'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:34:31 ON 27 DEC 2007 1 SEA SSS SAM L42
L56 L57		13 SEA SSS FUL L42 13 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L56/COM
L58	FILE	'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:36:00 ON 27 DEC 2007 3 DUP REM L52 L41 L48 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
	FILE	'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:36:21 ON 27 DEC 2007 D QUE L47
L59		5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L47 NOT (L41 OR L48)
	FILE	'WPIX' ENTERED AT 15:36:48 ON 27 DEC 2007 D QUE L51
L60		2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L51 NOT L52
L61	FILE	'HCAPLUS, WPIX, BEILSTEIN, MARPAT' ENTERED AT 15:37:44 ON 27 DEC 2007 20 DUP REM L59 L60 L53 L57 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
	FILE	'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:40:03 ON 27 DEC 2007 D OUE L37
L62		215 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 NOT (L41 OR L48 OR L47)